
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number: 001-34811

Ameresco, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

**111 Speen Street, Suite 410
Framingham, Massachusetts**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

04-3512838

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

01701

(Zip Code)

(508) 661-2200

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Shares outstanding as of August 4, 2016
Class A Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	28,550,086
Class B Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	18,000,000

AMERESCO, INC.
QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2016</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2015</u>
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,277	\$ 21,645
Restricted cash	12,382	16,236
Accounts receivable, net	80,445	73,372
Accounts receivable retainage, net	21,959	21,454
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	69,797	88,334
Inventory, net	14,406	13,223
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	12,023	11,745
Income tax receivable	—	2,151
Project development costs	17,149	15,538
Total current assets	243,438	263,698
Federal ESPC receivable	131,738	125,804
Property and equipment, net	5,921	5,328
Project assets, net	256,638	244,309
Goodwill	58,615	59,085
Intangible assets, net	5,282	6,770
Other assets	22,791	18,446
Total assets	\$ 724,423	\$ 723,440
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portions of long-term debt and capital lease liabilities	\$ 14,883	\$ 13,427
Accounts payable	112,968	114,759
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	21,724	21,983
Billings in excess of cost and estimated earnings	22,259	28,744
Income taxes payable	718	810
Total current liabilities	172,552	179,723
Long-term debt and capital lease liabilities, less current portions and net of deferred financing fees	104,770	100,490
Federal ESPC liabilities	121,633	122,040
Deferred income taxes	1,311	4,010
Deferred grant income	8,015	8,291
Other liabilities	21,492	18,854
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)		
Redeemable non-controlling interest	6,765	490

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS — (Continued)
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2016</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2015</u>
	(Unaudited)	
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015	\$ —	\$ —
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 28,827,392 shares issued and 28,409,694 shares outstanding at June 30, 2016, 28,684,392 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015	3	3
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 144,000,000 shares authorized, 18,000,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015	2	2
Additional paid-in capital	111,539	110,311
Retained earnings	187,502	184,454
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(9,212)	(5,228)
Less - treasury stock, at cost, 417,698 shares at June 30, 2016	(1,949)	—
Total equity	287,885	289,542
Total liabilities, redeemable non-controlling interest and equity	\$ 724,423	\$ 723,440

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues	\$ 162,628	\$ 152,489	\$ 296,404	\$ 267,922
Cost of revenues	130,772	121,593	236,872	217,383
Gross profit	31,856	30,896	59,532	50,539
Selling, general and administrative expenses	27,140	25,812	53,028	49,883
Operating income	4,716	5,084	6,504	656
Other expenses, net	1,850	1,347	2,693	4,009
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes	2,866	3,737	3,811	(3,353)
Income tax provision (benefit)	766	1,746	1,007	(1,156)
Net income (loss)	2,100	1,991	2,804	(2,197)
Net loss (income) attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	(106)	—	244	—
Net income (loss) attributable to Ameresco, Inc.	\$ 1,994	\$ 1,991	\$ 3,048	\$ (2,197)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders:				
Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.05)
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.05)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	46,719,122	46,493,162	46,730,805	46,450,877
Diluted	46,793,350	47,385,412	46,730,805	46,450,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Net income	\$ 2,100	\$ 1,991
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Unrealized (loss) gain from interest rate hedge, net of tax of \$433 and \$(351), respectively	(748)	997
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(842)	1,036
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,590)	2,033
Comprehensive income	510	4,024
Comprehensive income attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	(106)	—
Comprehensive income attributable to Ameresco, Inc.	\$ 404	\$ 4,024
	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,804	\$ (2,197)
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Unrealized (loss) gain from interest rate hedge, net of tax of \$1,356 and \$(77), respectively	(2,625)	386
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,359)	(761)
Total other comprehensive loss	(3,984)	(375)
Comprehensive loss	(1,180)	(2,572)
Comprehensive loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	\$ 244	\$ —
Comprehensive loss attributable to Ameresco, Inc.	\$ (936)	\$ (2,572)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN REDEEMABLE NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST AND
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
(in thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Redeemable Non- Controlling Interest	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount				Shares	Amount	
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 490	28,684,392	\$ 3	18,000,000	\$ 2	\$ 110,311	\$ 184,454	\$ (5,228)	—	\$ —	\$ 289,542
Exercise of stock options	—	143,000	—	—	—	470	—	—	—	—	470
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	758	—	—	—	—	758
Open market purchase of common shares	—	(417,698)	—	—	—	—	—	—	417,698	(1,949)	(1,949)
Unrealized loss from interest rate hedge, net	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,625)	—	—	(2,625)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,359)	—	—	(1,359)
Contributions from redeemable non- controlling interest, net	6,519	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net (loss) income	(244)	—	—	—	—	—	3,048	—	—	—	3,048
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 6,765	28,409,694	\$ 3	18,000,000	\$ 2	\$ 111,539	\$ 187,502	\$ (9,212)	417,698	\$ (1,949)	\$ 287,885

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,804	\$ (2,197)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation of project assets	9,179	7,916
Depreciation of property and equipment	1,552	1,555
Amortization of deferred financing fees	635	562
Amortization of intangible assets	1,211	2,024
Provision for bad debts	2,932	83
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	(153)	(184)
Stock-based compensation expense	758	971
Deferred income taxes	(1,365)	(2,006)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(791)	635
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Restricted cash	(3,361)	(694)
Accounts receivable	(8,701)	2,426
Accounts receivable retainage	(484)	1,821
Federal ESPC receivable	(50,167)	(29,625)
Inventory, net	(1,183)	(1,257)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	22,646	(2,787)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(562)	(3,056)
Project development costs	(1,360)	(3,630)
Other assets	459	(1,403)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(8,254)	(13,372)
Billings in excess of cost and estimated earnings	(6,041)	5,589
Other liabilities	(1,908)	(219)
Income taxes payable	2,432	(112)
Cash flows from operating activities	(39,722)	(36,960)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,212)	(643)
Purchases of project assets	(20,813)	(13,640)
Proceeds from sale of assets	—	852
Cash flows from investing activities	\$ (23,025)	\$ (13,431)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — (Continued)
(in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments of financing fees	\$ (749)	\$ (1,202)
Proceeds from exercises of options	470	605
Repurchase of common stock	(1,949)	—
Proceeds from senior secured credit facility, net	2,900	3,500
Proceeds from long-term debt financing	3,013	—
Proceeds from Federal ESPC projects	38,759	40,870
Proceeds from sale-leaseback financing	11,008	7,581
Non-controlling interest	—	(116)
Proceeds from investment by redeemable non-controlling interest, net	6,519	—
Restricted cash	3,369	(25)
Payments on long-term debt	(6,129)	(6,066)
Cash flows from financing activities	57,211	45,147
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(832)	801
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,368)	(4,443)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	21,645	23,762
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 15,277	\$ 19,319
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 3,241	\$ 2,856
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 2,004	\$ 933
Non-cash Federal ESPC settlement	\$ 44,234	\$ 26,320
Accrued purchases of project assets	\$ 9,766	\$ 8,827

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERESCO, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Ameresco, Inc. (including its subsidiaries, the “Company”) was organized as a Delaware corporation on April 25, 2000. The Company is a provider of energy efficiency solutions for facilities throughout North America. The Company provides solutions, both products and services, that enable customers to reduce their energy consumption, lower their operating and maintenance costs and realize environmental benefits. The Company’s comprehensive set of services includes upgrades to a facility’s energy infrastructure and the construction and operation of small-scale renewable energy plants. It also sells certain photovoltaic (“PV”) equipment worldwide. The Company operates in the United States, Canada and Europe.

The Company is compensated through a variety of methods, including: 1) direct payments based on fee-for-services contracts (utilizing lump-sum or cost-plus pricing methodologies); 2) the sale of energy from the Company’s operating assets; and 3) direct payment for PV equipment and systems.

The condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2016, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, are unaudited. In addition, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements, and notes thereto, should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, and notes thereto, included in the Company’s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 4, 2016. The results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Certain amounts have been reclassified in the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ameresco, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Company prepares its financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

Use of Estimates

GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant estimates and assumptions used in these condensed consolidated financial statements relate to management’s estimates of final construction contract profit in accordance with accounting for long-term contracts, allowance for doubtful accounts, inventory reserves, project development costs, fair value of derivative financial instruments and stock-based awards, impairment of long-lived assets, income taxes, self insurance reserves and any potential liability in conjunction with certain commitments and contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company is self-insured for employee health insurance. The maximum exposure in fiscal year 2016 under the plan is \$100 per covered participant, after which reinsurance takes effect. The liability for unpaid claims and associated expenses, including incurred but not reported claims, is determined by management and reflected in the Company’s consolidated balance sheets in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The liability is calculated based on historical data, which considers both the frequency and settlement amount of claims. The Company’s estimated accrual for this liability could be different than its ultimate obligation if variables such as the frequency or amount of future claims differ significantly from management’s assumptions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on deposit, overnight repurchase agreements and amounts invested in highly liquid money market funds. Cash equivalents consist of short term investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company maintains accounts with financial institutions and the balances in such accounts, at times, exceed federally insured limits. This credit risk is divided among a number of financial institutions that management believes to be of high quality. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates their fair value measured using level one inputs per the fair value hierarchy as defined in Note 6.

AMERESCO, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of cash and cash equivalents held in an escrow account in association with construction draws for energy savings performance contracts (“ESPCs”), construction of project assets, operations and maintenance (“O&M”) reserve accounts and cash collateralized letters of credit as well as cash required under term loans to be maintained in debt service reserve accounts until all obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full. These accounts are primarily invested in highly liquid money market funds. The carrying amount of the cash and cash equivalents in these accounts approximates their fair value measured using level one inputs per the fair value hierarchy as defined in Note 6. Restricted cash also includes funds held for clients, which represent assets that, based upon the Company’s intent, are restricted for use solely for the purposes of satisfying the obligations to remit funds to third parties, primarily utility service providers, relating to the Company’s enterprise energy management services. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company classified the non-current portion of restricted cash of \$17,855 and \$13,515, respectively, in other assets on its consolidated balance sheets.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for those accounts receivable considered to be uncollectible based upon historical experience and management’s evaluation of outstanding accounts receivable. Bad debts are written off against the allowance when identified.

Changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Allowance for doubtful accounts, beginning of period	\$ 3,729	\$ 2,851
Charges to costs and expenses	1,852	83
Account write-offs and other	376	(256)
Allowance for doubtful accounts, end of period	<u>\$ 5,957</u>	<u>\$ 2,678</u>

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company reserved for certain assets related to a customer who declared bankruptcy. Of this amount, \$200 was recorded as an allowance for doubtful accounts in accounts receivable, net. In addition, the Company recorded a \$476 charge to write-off costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and a \$325 charge for project costs incurred during the first quarter of 2016. The Company has an additional exposure of \$2,952 for the remaining receivables. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company also reserved for certain assets in its Canada segment totaling \$1,934 due to collectability concerns as a result of its previously disclosed restructuring efforts. This reserve included \$1,655 for doubtful accounts in accounts receivable, net and \$279 reserved against accounts receivable retainage, net.

Accounts Receivable Retainage

Accounts receivable retainage represents amounts due from customers, but where payments are withheld contractually until certain construction milestones are met. Amounts retained typically range from 5% to 10% of the total invoice. The Company classifies as a current asset those retainages that are expected to be billed in the next twelve months. During the year ended December 31, 2015, based upon an evaluation by management, the Company recorded a reserve totaling \$1,282 against the accounts receivable retainage balance for amounts determined to be potentially uncollectible. For the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded an additional reserve of \$279 against the remaining accounts receivable retainage, net balance.

Inventory

Inventories, which consist primarily of PV solar panels, batteries and related accessories, are stated at the lower of cost (“first-in, first-out” method) or net realizable value (determined as the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation). Provisions have been made to reduce the carrying value of inventory to the net realizable value.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of short-term prepaid expenditures that will amortize within one year.

AMERESCO, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Federal ESPC Receivable

Federal ESPC receivable represents the amount to be paid by various federal government agencies for work performed and earned by the Company under specific ESPCs. The Company assigns certain of its rights to receive those payments to third-party investors that provide construction and permanent financing for such contracts. The receivable is recognized as revenue as each project is constructed. Upon completion and acceptance of the project by the government, typically within 24 months of construction commencement, the assigned ESPC receivable from the government and corresponding ESPC liability are eliminated from the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Project Development Costs

The Company capitalizes as project development costs only those costs incurred in connection with the development of energy projects, primarily direct labor, interest costs, outside contractor services, consulting fees, legal fees and travel, if incurred after a point in time where the realization of related revenue becomes probable. Project development costs incurred prior to the probable realization of revenue are expensed as incurred. The Company classifies as a current asset those project development efforts that are expected to proceed to construction activity in the twelve months that follow. The Company periodically reviews these balances and writes off any amounts where the realization of the related revenue is no longer probable.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists primarily of office and computer equipment, and is recorded at cost. Major additions and improvements are capitalized as additions to the property and equipment accounts, while replacements, maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are expensed as incurred. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment are computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	Estimated Useful Life
Furniture and office equipment	Five years
Computer equipment and software costs	Three to five years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of term of lease or five years
Automobiles	Five years
Land	Unlimited

Project Assets

Project assets consist of costs of materials, direct labor, interest costs, outside contract services and project development costs incurred in connection with the construction of small-scale renewable energy plants that the Company owns and the implementation of energy savings contracts. These amounts are capitalized and amortized to cost of revenues in the Company's consolidated statements of income (loss) on a straight line basis over the lives of the related assets or the terms of the related contracts.

The Company capitalizes interest costs relating to construction financing during the period of construction. Capitalized interest is included in project assets, net in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Capitalized interest is amortized to cost of revenues in the Company's consolidated statements of income (loss) on a straight line basis over the useful life of the associated project asset. There was \$163 and \$134 in interest capitalized for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. There was \$327 and \$248 in interest capitalized for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Routine maintenance costs are expensed in the current year's consolidated statements of income (loss) to the extent that they do not extend the life of the asset. Major maintenance, upgrades and overhauls are required for certain components of the Company's assets. In these instances, the costs associated with these upgrades are capitalized and are depreciated over the shorter of the remaining life of the asset or the period until the next required major maintenance or overhaul. Gains or losses on disposal of property and equipment are reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

The Company evaluates its long-lived assets for impairment as events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of these assets may not be fully recoverable. Examples of such triggering events applicable to the Company's assets include a significant decrease in the market price of a long-lived asset or asset group or a current-period operating or cash flow

AMERESCO, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

loss combined with a history of operating or cash flow losses or a projection or forecast that demonstrates continuing losses associated with the use of a long-lived asset or asset group.

The Company evaluates recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used by estimating the undiscounted future cash flows before interest associated with the expected uses and eventual disposition of those assets. When these comparisons indicate that the carrying value of those assets is greater than the undiscounted cash flows, the Company recognizes an impairment loss for the amount that the carrying value exceeds the fair value.

From time to time, the Company applies for and receives cash grant awards from the U.S. Treasury Department (the "Treasury") under Section 1603 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the "Act"). The Act authorized the Treasury to make payments to eligible persons who place in service qualifying renewable energy projects. The grants are paid in lieu of investment tax credits. All of the cash proceeds from the grants were used and recorded as a reduction in the cost basis of the applicable project assets. If the Company disposes of the property, or the property ceases to qualify as specified energy property, within five years from the date the property is placed in service, then a prorated portion of the Section 1603 payment must be repaid.

The Company did not receive any Section 1603 grants during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

For tax purposes, the Section 1603 payments are not included in federal and certain state taxable income and the basis of the property is reduced by 50% of the payment received. Deferred grant income of \$8,015 and \$8,291 recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, represents the benefit of the basis difference to be amortized to income tax expense over the life of the related property.

Deferred Financing Fees

Deferred financing fees relate to the external costs incurred to obtain financing for the Company. Deferred financing fees are amortized over the respective term of the financing using the effective interest method, with the exception of the Company's revolving credit facility, as discussed in Note 11, for which deferred financing fees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement. Deferred financing fees are presented on the consolidated balance sheets as a reduction to long-term debt and capital lease liabilities.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The Company has classified as goodwill the amounts paid in excess of fair value of the net assets (including tax attributes) of companies acquired in purchase transactions. The Company has recorded intangible assets related to customer contracts, customer relationships, non-compete agreements, trade names and technology, each with defined useful lives. The Company assesses the impairment of goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives on an annual basis (December 31st) and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. The Company would record an impairment charge if such an assessment were to indicate that the fair value of such assets was less than their carrying values. Judgment is required in determining whether an event has occurred that may impair the value of goodwill or identifiable intangible assets.

Factors that could indicate that an impairment may exist include significant under-performance relative to plan or long-term projections, significant changes in business strategy, significant negative industry or economic trends or a significant decline in the base price of the Company's publicly traded stock for a sustained period of time. Although the Company believes goodwill and intangible assets are appropriately stated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, changes in strategy or market conditions could significantly impact these judgments and require an adjustment to the recorded balance.

See Note 3 for additional disclosures.

Other Assets

Other assets consist primarily of notes and contracts receivable due to the Company from various customers and non-current restricted cash. Other assets also include the non-current portion of project development costs, accounts receivable retainages, sale-leaseback deferred loss and deferred contract costs.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company recognizes a liability for the fair value of required asset retirement obligations ("AROs") when such obligations are incurred. The liability is estimated on a number of assumptions requiring management's judgment, including

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equipment removal costs, site restoration costs, salvage costs, cost inflation rates and discount rates and is credited to its projected future value over time. The capitalized asset is depreciated using the convention of depreciation of plant assets. Upon satisfaction of the ARO conditions, any difference between the recorded ARO liability and the actual retirement cost incurred is recognized as an operating gain or loss in the consolidated statements of income (loss). As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had no ARO liabilities recorded.

Federal ESPC Liabilities

Federal ESPC liabilities represent the advances received from third-party investors under agreements to finance certain energy savings performance contract ("ESPC") projects with various federal government agencies. Upon completion and acceptance of the project by the government, typically within 24 months of construction commencement, the ESPC receivable from the government and corresponding ESPC liability is eliminated from the Company's consolidated balance sheet. Until recourse to the Company ceases for the ESPC receivables transferred to the investor, upon final acceptance of the work by the government customer, the Company remains the primary obligor for financing received.

Sale-Leaseback

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with an investor which gives the Company the option to sell and contemporaneously lease back solar photovoltaic ("solar-PV") projects. The lender has committed to provide up to a maximum combined funding amount of \$50,000 through December 31, 2016 on certain projects. During the quarter ended June 30, 2016, the Company sold three solar-PV projects and in return received \$7,467 under the agreement. During the quarter ended March 31, 2016, the Company sold two solar-PV projects and in return received \$3,541 under the agreement. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the Company sold two solar-PV projects and in return received \$7,581 under the agreement. During the quarter ended December 31, 2015, the Company sold an additional project and in return received \$4,925 under the agreement.

As part of the agreement, the Company is a party to a master lease agreement that provides for the sale of solar-PV projects to a third-party investor and the simultaneous leaseback of the projects, which the Company then operates and maintains, recognizing revenue through the sale of the electricity and solar renewable energy credits generated by these projects. In sale-leaseback arrangements, the Company first determines whether the solar-PV project under the sale-leaseback arrangement is "integral equipment." A solar-PV project is determined to be integral equipment when the cost to remove the project from its existing location, including the shipping and reinstallation costs of the solar-PV project at the new site, including any diminution in fair value, exceeds 10% of the fair value of the solar-PV project at the time of its original installation. When the leaseback arrangement expires, the Company has the option to purchase the solar-PV project for the then fair market value or, in certain circumstances, renew the lease for an extended term. All solar-PV projects sold to date under the sale-leaseback program have been determined by the Company not to be integral equipment as the cost to remove the project from its existing location would not exceed 10% of its original fair value.

For solar-PV projects that the Company has determined not to be integral equipment, the Company then determines if the leaseback should be classified as a capital lease or an operating lease. All solar-PV projects sold to date under the sale-leaseback program have been determined by the Company to be capital leases. For leasebacks classified as capital leases, the Company initially records a capital lease asset and capital lease obligation in its consolidated balance sheet equal to the lower of the present value of the Company's future minimum leaseback payments or the fair value of the solar-PV project. For capital leasebacks, the Company defers any gain or loss, representing the excess or shortfall of cash received from the investor compared to the net book value of the asset in the Company's consolidated balance sheet at the time of the sale. The Company records the long term portion of any deferred gain or loss in other liabilities and other assets, respectively, and the current portion of any deferred gain or loss in accrued expenses and other current liabilities and prepaid expenses and other current assets, respectively, in its consolidated balance sheet and amortizes the deferred amounts over the lease term in cost of revenues in its consolidated statements of income (loss). During the quarter-ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded \$124 of deferred loss related to sale-leasebacks which will be recognized straight-line over the 20 year lease terms. During the quarter-ended December 31, 2015, the Company recorded \$1,421 of deferred loss related to sale-leasebacks which will be recognized straight-line over the 20 year lease terms. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$708 and \$1,029 of deferred income, respectively, which will be recognized straight-line over the 20 year lease terms. The Company records the capital leaseback assets in project assets, net in its consolidated balance sheets. The Company records the capital lease liabilities in long-term debt and capital lease liabilities, less current portions and deferred financing fees, net in its consolidated balance sheets. During the quarters ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$4,266 and \$0 respectively, in capital lease assets and corresponding capital lease liabilities, and during the quarter ended

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December 31, 2015 the Company recorded \$3,299 in capital lease assets and corresponding capital lease liabilities. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$5,672 and \$3,511 respectively, in capital lease assets and corresponding capital lease liabilities. The capital lease assets will be amortized straight-line over the 20 year lease terms. Leaseback payments made to the lessor, related to the capital lease liabilities, are allocated between interest expense and a reduction to the sale-leaseback financing obligation. The initial lease terms for the solar-PV projects sold during the three months ended June 30, 2016 are 20 years with semi-annual leaseback payments due to the investor ranging from \$8 to \$389 over the lease term. The initial lease terms for the solar-PV projects sold during the six months ended June 30, 2016 are 20 years with semi-annual leaseback payments due to the investor ranging from \$8 to \$389 over the lease term. The initial lease terms for the solar-PV projects sold during the year ended December 31, 2015 are 20 years with semi-annual leaseback payments due to the investor ranging from \$7 to \$348 over the lease term.

Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist primarily of deferred revenue related to multi-year operation and maintenance contracts which expire as late as 2031. Other liabilities also include the fair value of derivatives and the long term portion of sale-leaseback deferred gains.

See Note 7 for additional disclosures.

Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues from energy efficiency and renewable energy products and services. Energy efficiency products and services include the design, engineering, and installation of equipment and other measures to improve the efficiency, and control the operation, of a facility's energy infrastructure. Renewable energy products and services include the construction of small-scale plants that produce electricity, gas, heat or cooling from renewable sources of energy, the sale of such electricity, gas, heat or cooling from plants that the Company owns, and the sale and installation of solar energy products and systems.

Revenue from the installation or construction of projects is recognized on a percentage-of-completion basis. The percentage-of-completion for each project is determined on an actual cost-to-estimated final cost basis. Maintenance revenue is recognized as related services are performed. In accordance with industry practice, the Company includes in current assets and liabilities the amounts of receivables related to construction projects realizable and payable over a period in excess of one year. The revenue associated with contract change orders is recognized only when the authorization for the change order has been properly executed and the work has been performed.

When the estimate on a contract indicates a loss, or claims against costs incurred reduce the likelihood of recoverability of such costs, the Company records the entire expected loss immediately, regardless of the percentage of completion.

Billings in excess of cost and estimated earnings represents advanced billings on certain construction contracts. Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings represent certain amounts under customer contracts that were earned and billable but not invoiced.

The Company sells certain products and services in bundled arrangements, where multiple products and/or services are involved. The Company divides bundled arrangements into separate deliverables and revenue is allocated to each deliverable based on the relative selling price. The relative selling price is determined using third-party evidence or management's best estimate of selling price.

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale and delivery of products, including the output from renewable energy plants, when produced and delivered to the customer, in accordance with specific contract terms, provided that persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the Company's price to the customer is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company recognizes revenues from O&M contracts, consulting services and enterprise energy management services as the related services are performed.

For a limited number of contracts under which the Company receives additional revenue based on a share of energy savings, such additional revenue is recognized as energy savings are generated.

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Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues include the cost of labor, materials, equipment, subcontracting and outside engineering that are required for the development and installation of projects, as well as preconstruction costs, sales incentives, associated travel, inventory obsolescence charges, amortization of intangible assets related to customer contracts and, if applicable, costs of procuring financing. A majority of the Company's contracts have fixed price terms; however, in some cases the Company negotiates protections, such as a cost-plus structure, to mitigate the risk of rising prices for materials, services and equipment.

Cost of revenues also include the costs of maintaining and operating the small-scale renewable energy plants that the Company owns, including the cost of fuel (if any) and depreciation charges.

Income Taxes

The Company provides for income taxes based on the liability method. The Company provides for deferred income taxes based on the expected future tax consequences of differences between the financial statement basis and the tax basis of assets and liabilities calculated using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to be reflected in the tax return.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions using a "more-likely-than-not" threshold for recognizing and resolving uncertain tax positions. The evaluation of uncertain tax positions is based on factors that include, but are not limited to, changes in tax law, the measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in tax returns, the effective settlement of matters subject to audit, new audit activity and changes in facts or circumstances related to a tax position. The Company evaluates uncertain tax positions on a quarterly basis and adjusts the level of the liability to reflect any subsequent changes in the relevant facts surrounding the uncertain positions.

The Company's liabilities for uncertain tax positions can be relieved only if the contingency becomes legally extinguished through either payment to the taxing authority or the expiration of the statute of limitations, the recognition of the benefits associated with the position meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold or the liability becomes effectively settled through the examination process.

The Company considers matters to be effectively settled once the taxing authority has completed all of its required or expected examination procedures, including all appeals and administrative reviews; the Company has no plans to appeal or litigate any aspect of the tax position; and the Company believes that it is highly unlikely that the taxing authority would examine or re-examine the related tax position. The Company also accrues for potential interest and penalties, related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-17, which simplifies the presentation of deferred income taxes. The Company elected to early adopt ASU 2015-17 retrospectively in the fourth quarter of 2015. As a result, it has presented all deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent on its consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

See Note 4 for additional information on the Company's income taxes.

Foreign Currency

The local currency of the Company's foreign operations is considered the functional currency of such operations. All assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars at period-end exchange rates. Income and expense items are translated at average exchange rates prevailing during the period. Translation adjustments are accumulated as a separate component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are reported in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are reported in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

Fair Value Measurements

The Company follows the guidance related to fair value measurements for all of its non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except for those recognized at fair value in the financial statements at least annually. These assets include goodwill and long-lived assets measured at fair value for impairment assessments, and non-financial assets and liabilities initially measured at fair value in a business combination.

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts and notes receivable, long-term contract receivables, interest rate swaps, accounts payable, accrued expenses and short- and long-term borrowings.

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Because of their short maturity, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and short-term borrowings approximate fair value. The carrying value of long-term variable-rate debt approximates fair value. As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the Company's long-term debt exceeds its carrying value by approximately \$884. Fair value of the Company's debt is based on quoted market prices or on rates available to the Company for debt with similar terms and maturities, which are level two inputs of the fair value hierarchy, as defined in Note 6.

The Company accounts for its interest rate swaps as derivative financial instruments in accordance with the related guidance. Under this guidance, derivatives are carried on the Company's consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps are determined based on observable market data in combination with expected cash flows for each instrument.

See Note 6 for additional information related to fair value measurements.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

Stock-based compensation expense results from the issuance of shares of restricted common stock and grants of stock options to employees, directors, outside consultants and others. The Company recognizes the costs associated with restricted stock and option grants using the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation* on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the awards.

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized based on the grant-date fair value. The Company estimates the fair value of the stock-based awards, including stock options, using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Determining the fair value of stock-based awards requires the use of highly subjective assumptions, including the fair value of the common stock underlying the award, the expected term of the award and expected stock price volatility.

The assumptions used in determining the fair value of stock-based awards represent management's estimates, which involve inherent uncertainties and the application of management judgment. As a result, if factors change, and different assumptions are employed, the stock-based compensation could be materially different in the future. The risk-free interest rates are based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant, with maturities approximating the expected life of the stock options.

The Company has no history of paying dividends. Additionally, as of each of the grant dates, there was no expectation that the Company would pay dividends over the expected life of the options. The expected life of the awards is estimated using historical data and management's expectations. Because there was no public market for the Company's common stock prior to the Company's initial public offering, management lacked company-specific historical and implied volatility information. Therefore, estimates of expected stock volatility were based on that of publicly traded peer companies, and it is expected that the Company will continue to use this methodology until such time as there is adequate historical data regarding the volatility of the Company's publicly traded stock price.

The Company is required to recognize compensation expense for only the portion of options that are expected to vest. Actual historical forfeiture rate of options is based on employee terminations and the number of shares forfeited. This data and other qualitative factors are considered by the Company in determining the forfeiture rate used in recognizing stock compensation expense. If the actual forfeiture rate varies from historical rates and estimates, additional adjustments to compensation expense may be required in future periods. If there are any modifications or cancellations of the underlying unvested securities or the terms of the stock option, it may be necessary to accelerate, increase or cancel any remaining unamortized stock-based compensation expense.

For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$391 and \$453, respectively, in connection with stock-based payment awards. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$758 and \$971, respectively, in connection with stock-based payment awards. The compensation expense is allocated between cost of revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of income (loss) based on the salaries and work assignments of the employees holding the options. As of June 30, 2016, there was \$3,354 of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock option awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.0 years.

The Company also accounts for equity instruments issued to non-employee directors and consultants at fair value. All transactions in which goods or services are the consideration received for the issuance of equity instruments are accounted for based on the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instrument issued, whichever is more

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reliably measurable. The measurement date of the fair value of the equity instrument issued is the date on which the counterparty's performance is complete. No awards to individuals who were not either an employee or director of the Company occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2016 or during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Share Repurchase Program

In April 2016, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$10,000 of the Company's Class A common stock from time to time on the open market in privately negotiated transactions. The timing and amount of any shares repurchased will be determined by the Company's management based on its evaluation of market conditions and other factors. Any repurchased shares will be available for use in connection with its stock plans and for other corporate purposes. The repurchase program will be funded using the Company's working capital and borrowings under its revolving line of credit. The Company accounts for share repurchases using the cost method. Under this method, the cost of the share repurchase is recorded entirely in treasury stock, a contra equity account. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company repurchased 417,698 shares of common stock in the amount of \$1,949, including fees.

Derivative Financial Instruments

In the normal course of business, the Company utilizes derivatives contracts as part of its risk management strategy to manage exposure to market fluctuations in interest rates. These instruments are subject to various credit and market risks. Controls and monitoring procedures for these instruments have been established and are routinely reevaluated. Credit risk represents the potential loss that may occur because a party to a transaction fails to perform according to the terms of the contract. The measure of credit exposure is the replacement cost of contracts with a positive fair value. The Company seeks to manage credit risk by entering into financial instrument transactions only through counterparties that the Company believes to be creditworthy.

Market risk represents the potential loss due to the decrease in the value of a financial instrument caused primarily by changes in interest rates. The Company seeks to manage market risk by establishing and monitoring limits on the types and degree of risk that may be undertaken. As a matter of policy, the Company does not use derivatives for speculative purposes. The Company considers the use of derivatives with all financing transactions to mitigate risk.

The Company recognizes cash flows from derivative instruments as operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The effective portion of changes in fair value on interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges are recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). The ineffective portion of changes in fair value on interest rate swaps designated as hedges and changes in fair value on interest rate swaps not designated as hedges are recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income (loss).

During 2007, the Company entered into two interest rate swap contracts under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional principal amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swaps cover initial notional amounts of \$13,081 and \$3,256, each a variable rate note at fixed interest rates of 5.4% and 5.3%, respectively, and expire in March 2024 and February 2021, respectively. These interest rate swaps qualified, but were not designated, as cash flow hedges until April 1, 2010. Since April 2010, they have been designated as hedges.

In March 2010, the Company entered into a fourteen-year interest rate swap contract under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swap covers an initial notional amount of approximately \$27,900 variable rate note at a fixed interest rate of 6.99% and expires in December 2024. This swap was designated as a hedge in March 2013. During the second quarter of 2014, this swap was de-designated and re-designated as a hedge as a result of a partial pay down of the associated hedged debt principal.

In July 2011, the Company entered into a five-year interest rate swap contract under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swap covered an initial notional amount of \$38,571 variable rate note at a fixed interest rate of 1.965% and expired in June 2016. This interest rate swap had been designated as a hedge since inception.

In October 2012, the Company entered into two eight-year interest rate swap contracts under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swaps cover an initial notional amount of

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\$16,750 variable rate note at a fixed interest rate of 1.71%. This notional amount increased to \$42,247 on September 30, 2013 and expires in March 2020. These interest rate swaps have been designated as hedges since inception.

In October 2012, the Company also entered into two eight-year forward starting interest rate swap contracts under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swaps cover an initial notional amount of \$25,377 variable rate note at a fixed interest rate of 3.70%, with an effective date of March 31, 2020, and expires in June 2028. These interest rate swaps have been designated as hedges since inception.

In September 2015, the Company entered into a seven-year forward starting interest rate swap contract under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swap covers an initial notional amount of \$20,746 variable rate note at a fixed interest rate of 2.19%, and expires in February 2023. The effective date of the interest rate swap was February 28, 2016. The underlying cash flows hedged have an initial principal balance of \$20,746 with an effective date of March 30, 2016. This interest rate swap has been designated as a hedge since inception.

In September 2015, the Company also entered into a fifteen-year forward starting interest rate swap contract under which the Company agreed to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed rate of interest times a notional amount, and to in turn receive an amount equal to a specified variable rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The swap covers an initial notional amount of \$14,084 variable rate note at a fixed interest rate of 3.26%, with an effective date of February 28, 2023, and expires in December 2038. This interest rate swap has been designated as a hedge since inception.

See Notes 6 and 7 for additional information on the Company's derivative instruments.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated using the Company's weighted-average outstanding common shares, including vested restricted shares. When the effects are not anti-dilutive, diluted earnings per share is calculated using the weighted-average outstanding common shares; the dilutive effect of convertible preferred stock, under the "if converted" method; and the treasury stock method with regard to warrants and stock options; all as determined under the treasury stock method.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net income (loss) attributable to Ameresco, Inc.	\$ 1,994	\$ 1,991	\$ 3,048	\$ (2,197)
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding	46,719,122	46,493,162	46,730,805	46,450,877
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options	74,228	892,250	—	—
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding	46,793,350	47,385,412	46,730,805	46,450,877

For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 the total number of shares of common stock related to stock options excluded from the calculation of dilutive shares, as the effect would be anti-dilutive, were 3,661,286 and 1,705,470, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 the total number of shares of common stock related to stock options excluded from the calculation of dilutive shares, as the effect would be anti-dilutive, were 4,306,348 and 1,735,470. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 the Company has excluded stock options from the calculation of dilutive shares under the treasury stock method where the sum of the assumed proceeds, including unrecognized compensation and related excess tax benefits, exceeds the difference between the market price and the exercise price.

Variable Interest Entities

Certain contracts are executed jointly through partnership and joint venture arrangements with unrelated third parties. Generally, these arrangements are characterized by a 50 percent or less ownership interest that requires only a small initial investment. The arrangements are often formed for the single business purpose of executing a specific project and allow the Company to share risks and/or secure specialty skills required for project execution.

The Company evaluates each partnership and joint venture at inception to determine if it qualifies as a variable interest entity ("VIE") under ASC 810, *Consolidation*. A VIE is an entity used for business purposes that either (a) does not have equity investors with voting rights or (b) has equity investors who are not required to provide sufficient financial resources for the entity to support

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its activities without additional subordinated financial support. Upon the occurrence of certain events outlined in ASC 810, the Company reassesses its initial determination of whether the partnership or joint venture is a VIE.

The Company also evaluates whether it is the primary beneficiary of each VIE and consolidates the VIE if the Company has both (a) the power to direct the economically significant activities of the entity and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of, or the right to receive benefits from, the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company considers the contractual agreements that define the ownership structure, distribution of profits and losses, risks, responsibilities, indebtedness, voting rights and board representation of the respective parties in determining whether it qualifies as the primary beneficiary. The Company also considers all parties that have direct or implicit variable interests when determining whether it is the primary beneficiary. When the Company is determined to be the primary beneficiary, the VIE is consolidated. As required by ASC 810, management's assessment of whether the Company is the primary beneficiary of a VIE is continuously performed.

Redeemable Non-Controlling Interest

In September 2015, the Company formed an investment fund with a third party investor which granted the investor ownership interests in the net assets of certain of the Company's renewable energy project subsidiaries. The Company entered into this agreement in order to finance the costs of constructing the project assets which are under long-term customer contracts. The Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary in the operational partnership for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the Company will consolidate the assets and liabilities and operating results of the entities in its consolidated financial statements. The Company will recognize the investors' share of the net assets of the subsidiary as a redeemable non-controlling interest in its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company has determined that the provisions in the contractual arrangement represent a substantive profit-sharing arrangement. The Company has further determined that the appropriate methodology for attributing income and loss to the redeemable non-controlling interest each period is a balance sheet approach referred to as the hypothetical liquidation at book value ("HLBV") method. Under the HLBV method, the amounts of income and loss attributed to the redeemable non-controlling interest in the consolidated statements of income (loss) reflect changes in the amounts the investor would hypothetically receive at each balance sheet date under the liquidation provisions of the contractual agreement, assuming the net assets of this funding structure were liquidated at recorded amounts. The investors' non-controlling interest in the results of operations of this funding structure is determined as the difference in the non-controlling interest's claim under the HLBV method at the start and end of each reporting period, after taking into account any capital transactions, such as contributions or distributions, between the Company's subsidiary and the investor. The use of the HLBV methodology to allocate income to the redeemable non-controlling interest holder may create volatility in the Company's consolidated statements of income (loss) as the application of HLBV can drive changes in net income available and loss attributable to the redeemable non-controlling interest from quarter to quarter.

The Company classified the non-controlling interest with redemption features that are not solely within the control of the Company outside of permanent equity on its consolidated balance sheets. The redeemable non-controlling interest will be reported using the greater of its carrying value at each reporting date as determined by the HLBV method or the estimated redemption value in each reporting period.

See Note 9 for additional disclosures.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The guidance in this ASU affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the Codification. This ASU also supersedes some cost guidance included in ASC 605-35, Revenue Recognition-Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts. In addition, the existing requirements for the recognition of a gain or loss on the transfer of nonfinancial assets that are not in a contract with a customer are amended to be consistent with the guidance on recognition and measurement in this ASU. The FASB has approved a one year deferral of this standard, and this pronouncement is now effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Entities would be permitted to adopt the standard as early as the original public entity effective date (i.e., annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods therein). Early adoption prior to that date is not permitted. Retrospective application of the amendments in this ASU is required. The new guidance must be adopted using either a full retrospective approach for all periods presented in the period of adoption (with some limited relief provided) or a modified

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retrospective approach. Early application is not permitted under GAAP. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40) (“ASU 2014-15”). ASU 2014-15 requires management to assess an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles of current U.S. auditing standards. Specifically, the amendments (1) provide a definition of the term “substantial doubt”, (2) require an evaluation every reporting period, including interim periods, (3) provide principles for considering the mitigating effect of management’s plans, (4) require certain disclosures when substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management’s plans, (5) require an express statement and other disclosures when substantial doubt is still present, and (6) require an assessment for a period of one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016 and interim periods thereafter. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not believe that this pronouncement will have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis (“ASU 2015-02”). ASU 2015-02 affects reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. ASU 2015-02 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those annual reporting periods. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2016. This pronouncement did not change the Company’s previous consolidation conclusions.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest — Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-03): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (“ASU 2015-03”). ASU 2015-03 requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. ASU 2015-03 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those annual reporting periods. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2016. As such, deferred financing fees are presented on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as a reduction to long-term debt and capital lease liabilities.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, Leases. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of our pending adoption of the new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation-Stock Compensation-Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting (“ASU 2016-09”). The guidance in this ASU involves several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Under ASU 2016-09, income tax benefits and deficiencies are to be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the statement of operations and the tax effects of exercised or vested awards should be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. Additionally, under ASU 2016-09, excess tax benefits should be classified along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity. ASU 2016-09 will be effective for us on January 1, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2016-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

3. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The changes in the carrying value of goodwill attributable to each reportable segment are as follows:

	U.S. Regions	U.S. Federal	Canada	Small-Scale Infrastructure	Other	Total
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 24,759	\$ 3,375	\$ 3,162	\$ —	\$ 27,789	\$ 59,085
Currency effects	—	—	223	—	(693)	(470)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 24,759	\$ 3,375	\$ 3,385	\$ —	\$ 27,096	\$ 58,615
Accumulated Goodwill Impairment						
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,016)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,016)
Accumulated Goodwill Impairment						
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,016)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,016)

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Separable intangible assets that are not deemed to have indefinite lives are amortized over their useful lives. The Company annually assesses whether a change in the life over which the Company's assets are amortized is necessary, or more frequently if events or circumstances warrant. No changes to useful lives were made during the six months ended June 30, 2016 or for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Acquired intangible assets other than goodwill that are subject to amortization include customer contracts, customer relationships, non-compete agreements, technology and trade names. Customer contracts are amortized ratably over the period of the acquired customer contracts ranging in periods from approximately one to five years. All other acquired intangible assets are amortized over periods ranging from approximately four to fifteen years, as defined by the nature of the respective intangible asset.

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of intangible assets are as follows:

	As of June 30, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
<u>Gross Carrying Amount</u>		
Customer contracts	\$ 7,753	\$ 7,898
Customer relationships	12,025	12,496
Non-compete agreements	3,265	3,324
Technology	2,735	2,701
Trade names	544	540
	<u>26,322</u>	<u>26,959</u>
<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>		
Customer contracts	7,634	7,683
Customer relationships	7,357	6,621
Non-compete agreements	3,160	3,149
Technology	2,381	2,241
Trade names	508	495
	<u>21,040</u>	<u>20,189</u>
Intangible assets, net	<u>\$ 5,282</u>	<u>\$ 6,770</u>

Amortization expense related to customer contracts is included in cost of revenues in the consolidated statements of income (loss). Amortization expense related to all other acquired intangible assets is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income (loss). Amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 related to customer contracts was \$48 and \$231, respectively. Amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 related to customer contracts was \$94 and \$459, respectively. Amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 related to all other acquired intangible assets was \$559 and \$784, respectively. Amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 related to all other acquired intangible assets was \$1,117 and \$1,565, respectively.

4. INCOME TAXES

The provision (benefit) for income taxes was \$766 and \$1,746 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The provision (benefit) for income taxes was \$1,007 and \$(1,156) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The estimated 2016 effective tax rate was 26.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to a 46.7% estimated annual effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The estimated 2016 effective tax rate was 26.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to a 34.5% estimated annual effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

The principal reason for the difference between the statutory rate and the estimated annual effective rate for 2016 were the effects of the tax deduction under Internal Revenue Code Section 179D and investment tax credits and production tax credits to which the Company is entitled from owned plants. The principal reason for the difference between the statutory rate and the estimated annual effective rate for 2015 were the effects of the valuation allowance required for the expected Canada losses as well as the investment tax credits and production tax credits to which the Company is entitled to from owned plants.

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The investment tax credits to which the Company is entitled to fluctuate from year to year based on the cost of the renewable energy plants the Company places or expects to place in service in that year. In addition, the tax deduction under Internal Revenue Code Section 179D expired as of December 31, 2014 and was retroactively reinstated in December of 2015. The current expiration date for the 179D deduction is December 31, 2016.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the total amounts of gross unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

	Gross Unrecognized Tax Benefits
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 2,200
Additions for prior year tax positions	—
Settlements with tax authorities	(84)
Reductions of prior year tax positions	—
Balance, June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 2,116</u>

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had approximately \$2,116 and \$2,200, respectively, of total gross unrecognized tax benefits. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had approximately \$700 and \$800, respectively, of total gross unrecognized tax benefits (net of the federal benefit on state amounts) representing the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would favorably affect the effective income tax rate in any future periods.

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in a variety of claims and other legal proceedings generally incidental to its normal business activities. While the outcome of any of these proceedings cannot be accurately predicted, the Company does not believe the ultimate resolution of any of these existing matters would have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

Solar Tariff Contingency

In October 2012, the U.S. Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) announced its final determination in the anti-dumping (“AD”) and countervailing duty (“CVD”) investigations of imports of solar cells manufactured in the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”), including solar modules containing such cells. Commerce’s final determination confirmed its previously published AD duty of 249.96%, for manufacturers without a separate rate, and increased its CVD from 3.61% to 15.24%; both duties are applied to the value of imports of solar modules containing PRC cells. On November 7, 2012, the International Trade Commission announced its final determination upholding the duties. All shipments from May 25, 2012 until the Company suspended importing solar modules containing PRC cells in July 2012 (“covered shipments”) were subject to the CVD and were covered by a single continuous entry bond. Covered shipments also were subject to AD duty, for each of which the Company was required to post a single entry bond. In August, 2014, U.S. Customs lifted suspension of liquidation of covered shipments. As a result of liquidation, during the third and fourth quarters of 2014, the Company paid CVD on covered shipments at the 3.61% rate. During the fourth quarter of 2014 through the first quarter of 2015, the Company paid AD duties on covered shipments at a 31.18% rate. During the fourth quarter of 2015, the Company received the final bill from U.S. Customs for liquidation of one remaining covered shipment containing PRC cells and the matter was resolved in the first quarter of 2016.

Commitments as a Result of Acquisitions

Related to the Company's acquisition of Energyexcel LLP (“EEX”) in the second quarter of 2014, the former owners of EEX, who are now employees of the Company, may be entitled to receive up to 4,500 British pounds sterling (\$6,025 converted as of June 30, 2016) in additional consideration, accounted for as compensation for post-combination services, if the acquired business meets certain financial performance milestones through December 31, 2018. No amounts were accrued as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company recognizes its financial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually). Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most

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advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1: Inputs are based upon unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.

Level 2: Inputs are based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Inputs are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair values are therefore determined using model-based techniques that include option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The following table presents the input level used to determine the fair values of the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level	Fair Value as of	
		June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Liabilities:			
Interest rate swap instruments	2	\$ 8,509	\$ 4,681

The fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps was determined using a cash flow analysis on the expected cash flow of the contract in combination with observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities. As part of this valuation, the Company considered the credit ratings of the counterparties to the interest rate swaps to determine if a credit risk adjustment was required.

The fair value of financial instruments is determined by reference to observable market data and other valuation techniques, as appropriate. The only category of financial instruments where the difference between fair value and recorded book value is notable is long-term debt. At June 30, 2016, the fair value of the Company's long-term debt was estimated using discounted cash flows analysis, based on the Company's current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements which are considered to be level two inputs. There were no transfers in or out of level two for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Based on the analysis performed, the fair value and the carrying value of the Company's long-term debt, excluding capital lease liabilities, are as follows:

	As of June 30, 2016		As of December 31, 2015	
	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value
Long-term debt	\$ 108,300	\$ 107,416	\$ 108,323	\$ 107,148

The Company is also required periodically to measure certain other assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, including long-lived assets, goodwill and other intangible assets. There were no assets recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2016.

7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Information about the fair value amounts of the Company's derivative instruments is as follows:

	Derivatives as of			
	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments:				
Interest rate swap contracts	Other liabilities	\$ 8,509	Other liabilities	\$ 4,681

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The following table presents information about the effects of the Company's derivative instruments on the consolidated statements of income (loss) and consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss):

	Location of Gain Recognized in Net Income	Amount of Gain Recognized in Net Income			
		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments:					
Interest rate swap contracts	Other expenses, net	\$ (83)	\$ (101)	\$ (153)	\$ (184)

The following table summarizes the pre-tax amount of unrealized gain or loss recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss, net ("AOCI") in the Company's consolidated balance sheets:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments:	
Accumulated loss in AOCI at the beginning of the period	\$ (2,548)
Unrealized loss recognized in AOCI	(1,996)
Loss reclassified from AOCI to other expenses, net	(629)
Accumulated loss in AOCI at the end of the period	<u>\$ (5,173)</u>

8. INVESTMENT FUND

During the third quarter of 2015, the Company formed an investment fund for the purpose of funding the purchase of a solar energy system. The Company consolidates the investment fund, and all inter-company balances and transactions between the Company and the investment fund are eliminated in its consolidated financial statements. The Company determined that the investment fund meets the definition of a VIE. The Company uses a qualitative approach in assessing the consolidation requirement for VIEs that focuses on determining whether the Company has the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the VIE's economic performance and whether the Company has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

The Company has considered the provisions within the contractual arrangements that grant it power to manage and make decisions that affect the operation of this VIE, including determining the solar energy systems and associated long term customer contracts to be sold or contributed to the VIE, and installation, operation and maintenance of the solar energy systems. The Company considers that the rights granted to the other investors under the contractual arrangements are more protective in nature rather than participating rights. As such, the Company has determined it is the primary beneficiary of the VIE for all periods presented. The Company evaluates its relationships with VIEs on an ongoing basis to ensure that it continues to be the primary beneficiary.

Under the related agreements, cash distributions of income and other receipts by the fund, net of agreed-upon expenses and estimated expenses, tax benefits and detriments of income and loss, and tax benefits of tax credits, are assigned to the fund investor and Company's subsidiary as specified in contractual arrangements. Certain of these arrangements have call and put options to acquire the investor's equity interest as specified in the contractual agreement. See Note 9 for additional information on the call and put options.

At June 30, 2016, the Company included \$1,554 in restricted cash and \$32,932 of project assets, net related to the investment fund in the Company's consolidated balance sheet. At December 31, 2015, the Company included \$5,419 in restricted cash and \$32,657 of project assets, net related to the investment fund in the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

9. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Redeemable Non-controlling Interest

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary with a membership interest in the investment fund has the right, beginning on the fifth anniversary of the final funding of the variable rate construction and term loans due 2023 and extending for six months, to elect to require the non-controlling interest holder to sell all of its membership units to the Company's wholly owned subsidiary

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(the “Call Option”). The Company’s investment fund also includes a right, beginning on the sixth anniversary of the final funding and extending for one year, for the non-controlling interest holder to elect to require the Company’s wholly owned subsidiary to purchase all of its membership interests in the fund (the “Put Option”).

Because the Put Option represents a redemption feature that is not solely within the control of the Company, the non-controlling interest in these funds is presented outside of permanent equity. Redeemable non-controlling interests are reported using the greater of their carrying value at each reporting date (which is impacted by attribution under the HLBV method) or their estimated redemption value in each reporting period.

The purchase price for the fund investor’s membership interest under the Call Option is equal to the fair market value as of the exercise date.

10. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company reports results under ASC 280, *Segment Reporting*. The Company’s reportable segments are U.S. Regions, U.S. Federal, Canada and Small-Scale Infrastructure. The Company’s U.S. Regions, U.S. Federal and Canada segments offer energy efficiency products and services, which include the design, engineering and installation of equipment and other measures to improve the efficiency and control the operation of a facility’s energy infrastructure; renewable energy solutions and services, which include the construction of small-scale plants for customers that produce electricity, gas, heat or cooling from renewable sources of energy; and O&M services. The Company’s Small-Scale Infrastructure segment sells electricity, processed landfill gas, heat or cooling produced from renewable sources of energy from small-scale plants that the Company owns. The “All Other” category offers enterprise energy management services, consulting services and the sale and installation of solar-PV energy products and systems. These segments do not include results of other activities, such as corporate operating expenses not specifically allocated to the segments. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company also reserved for certain assets in its Canada segment totaling \$1,934 due to collectability concerns as a result of its previously disclosed restructuring efforts.

The reports of the Company’s chief operating decision maker do not include assets at the operating segment level.

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An analysis of the Company's business segment information and reconciliation to the condensed consolidated financial statements is as follows:

	U.S. Regions	U.S. Federal	Canada	Small-Scale Infrastructure	All Other	Total Consolidated
Three Months Ended June 30, 2016						
Revenues	\$ 70,583	\$ 43,099	\$ 13,198	\$ 19,060	\$ 16,688	\$ 162,628
Interest income	—	3	—	10	—	13
Interest expense	—	289	403	1,068	—	1,760
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	137	704	261	3,751	675	5,528
Unallocated corporate activity	—	—	—	—	—	(6,839)
Income (loss) before taxes, excluding unallocated corporate activity	4,623	4,565	(1,844)	2,290	71	9,705
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015						
Revenues	71,594	30,437	13,837	16,319	20,302	152,489
Interest income	—	—	2	9	—	11
Interest expense	—	—	282	976	—	1,258
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	204	302	282	3,414	1,017	5,219
Unallocated corporate activity	—	—	—	—	—	(6,897)
Income (loss) before taxes, excluding unallocated corporate activity	6,158	5,042	(570)	2,112	(2,108)	10,634
Six Months Ended June 30, 2016						
Revenues	112,204	81,768	28,005	39,753	34,674	296,404
Interest income	—	5	—	19	—	24
Interest expense	—	388	750	2,096	—	3,234
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	274	1,227	500	7,600	1,348	10,949
Unallocated corporate activity	—	—	—	—	—	(14,566)
Income (loss) before taxes, excluding unallocated corporate activity	4,814	10,965	(1,303)	4,611	(710)	18,377
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
Revenues	118,028	54,580	24,732	29,922	40,660	267,922
Interest income	—	—	3	159	—	162
Interest expense	—	—	611	1,924	—	2,535
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	409	608	525	6,880	2,024	10,446
Unallocated corporate activity	—	—	—	—	—	(13,405)
Income (loss) before taxes, excluding unallocated corporate activity	\$ 8,075	\$ 8,300	\$ (5,578)	\$ 2,349	\$ (3,094)	\$ 10,052

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11. LONG-TERM DEBT

Variable-Rate Construction and Term Loans

In October 2012, the Company entered into a credit and guaranty agreement with two banks for use in providing limited recourse financing for certain of its landfill gas to energy and solar PV projects. The credit and guaranty agreement provides for a \$47,234 construction-to-term loan credit facility and bears interest at a variable rate. The loans were fully converted to a term loan during the year ended December 31, 2014. At June 30, 2016, \$37,116 was outstanding under the term loan. The variable rate for this loan at June 30, 2016 was 3.64%.

In September 2015, the Company entered into a credit and guaranty agreement for use in providing non-recourse financing for certain of its solar-PV projects currently under construction. The credit and guaranty agreement provides for a \$20,746 construction-to-term loan credit facility and bears interest at a variable rate. The term loan matures on March 30, 2023. On March 30, 2016, the construction loan was converted to a term loan. At December 31, 2015, \$17,663 was outstanding under the construction loan. At June 30, 2016, \$20,572 was outstanding under the term loan. The variable rate for this loan at June 30, 2016 was 3.13%.

Senior Secured Credit Facility - Revolver and Term Loan

On June 30, 2015, the Company entered into a third amended and restated bank credit facility with two banks. The new credit facility replaces and extends the Company's existing credit facility, which was scheduled to expire in accordance with its terms on June 30, 2016. The revolving credit facility matures on June 30, 2020 and the term loan facility matures on June 30, 2018, when all amounts will be due and payable in full. The Company expects to use the new credit facility for general corporate purposes of the Company and its subsidiaries, including permitted acquisitions, refinancing of existing indebtedness and working capital.

The credit facility consists of a \$60,000 revolving credit facility and a \$17,143 term loan. The amount of the term loan represents the amount outstanding under the Company's existing term loan at closing. The revolving credit facility may be increased by up to an additional \$25,000 at the Company's option if lenders are willing to provide such increased commitments, subject to certain conditions. Up to \$20,000 of the revolving credit facility may be borrowed in Canadian dollars, Euros and Pounds Sterling. The Company is the sole borrower under the credit facility. The obligations under the credit facility are guaranteed by certain of the Company's direct and indirect wholly owned domestic subsidiaries and are secured by a pledge of all of the Company's and such subsidiary guarantors' assets, other than the equity interests of certain subsidiaries and assets held in non-core subsidiaries (as defined in the agreement). At June 30, 2016, there were \$14,200 amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility and \$11,429 outstanding under the term loan. At December 31, 2015, there was \$11,300 outstanding under the revolving credit facility and \$14,285 outstanding under the term loan.

The interest rate for borrowings under the credit facility is based on, at the Company's option, either (1) a base rate equal to a margin of 0.50% or 0.25%, depending on the Company's ratio of Total Funded Debt to EBITDA (each as defined in the agreement), over the highest of (a) the federal funds effective rate, plus 0.50%, (b) Bank of America's prime rate and (c) a rate based on the London interbank deposit rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.50%, or (2) the one-, two- three- or six-month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.00% or 1.75%, depending on the Company's ratio of Total Funded Debt to EBITDA. A commitment fee of 0.375% is payable quarterly on the undrawn portion of the revolving credit facility. At June 30, 2016, the interest rate for borrowings under the revolving credit facility was 3.75% and interest rate for borrowings under the term loan was 2.38%.

The revolving credit facility does not require amortization of principal. The term loan requires quarterly principal payments of \$1,429, with the balance due at maturity. All borrowings may be paid before maturity in whole or in part at the Company's option without penalty or premium, other than reimbursement of any breakage and deployment costs in the case of LIBOR borrowings.

The credit facility limits the Company's and its subsidiaries' ability to, among other things: incur additional indebtedness; incur liens or guarantee obligations; merge, liquidate or dispose of assets; make acquisitions or other investments; enter into hedging agreements; pay dividends and make other distributions and engage in transactions with affiliates, except in the ordinary course of business on an arms' length basis.

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Under the credit facility, the Company and its subsidiaries may not invest cash or property in, or loan to, the Company's non-core subsidiaries in aggregate amounts exceeding 49% of the Company's consolidated stockholders' equity. In addition, under the credit facility, the Company and its core subsidiaries must maintain the following financial covenants:

- a ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA of less than 2.0 to 1.0; and
- a debt service coverage ratio (as defined in the agreement) of at least 1.5 to 1.0.

Any failure to comply with the financial or other covenants of the credit facility would not only prevent the Company from being able to borrow additional funds, but would constitute a default, permitting the lenders to, among other things, accelerate the amounts outstanding, including all accrued interest and unpaid fees, under the credit facility, to terminate the credit facility, and enforce liens against the collateral.

The credit facility also includes several other customary events of default, including a change in control of the Company, permitting the lenders to accelerate the indebtedness, terminate the credit facility, and enforce liens against the collateral.

For purposes of the Company's senior secured facility: EBITDA excludes the results of certain renewable energy projects that the Company owns and for which financing from others remains outstanding; total funded debt includes amounts outstanding under both the term loan and revolver portions of the senior secured credit facility plus other indebtedness, but excludes non-recourse indebtedness of project company subsidiaries; and debt service includes principal and interest payments on the indebtedness included in total funded debt other than principal payments on the revolver portion of the facility.

At June 30, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all financial and operational covenants.

In July 2016, the Company entered into an amendment to the third amended and restated bank credit facility. Under this amendment, the requirement of the total funded debt to EBITDA ratio was amended such that the Loan Parties shall not permit the Core Leverage Ratio (i) as of the end of each fiscal quarter ending on or before June 30, 2016, to exceed 2.00 to 1.00, (ii) as of the end of each fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2016, December 31, 2016, March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, to exceed 2.75 to 1.00, and (iii) as of the end of each fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2017 and thereafter, to exceed 2.00 to 1.00.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed on March 4, 2016 with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, including statements that refer to our expectations as to the future growth of our business and associated expenses; our expectations as to revenue generation; the future availability of borrowings under our revolving credit facility; the expected future growth of the market for energy efficiency and renewable energy solutions; our backlog, awarded projects and recurring revenue and the timing of such matters; our expectations as to acquisition activity; the impact of any restructuring; the uses of future earnings; our intention to repurchase shares of our Class A common stock; the expected energy and cost savings of our projects; and the expected energy production capacity of our renewable energy plants; and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. These statements are often, but not exclusively, identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "estimate," "target," "project," "predict" or "continue," and similar expressions or variations. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results and the timing of certain events to differ materially and adversely from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors," set forth in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and as updated in our Quarterly Report for the quarter ended March 31, 2016. The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q represent our views as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Subsequent events and developments may cause our views to change. However, while we may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we undertake no obligation to do so except to the

extent required by applicable law. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

Ameresco is a leading provider of energy efficiency solutions for facilities throughout North America and Europe. We provide solutions that enable customers to reduce their energy consumption, lower their operating and maintenance costs and realize environmental benefits. Our comprehensive set of services includes upgrades to a facility's energy infrastructure and the construction and operation of small-scale renewable energy plants.

In September 2015, we entered into an agreement with a third party investor which granted the investor ownership interests in the net assets of certain of our renewable energy project subsidiaries. We entered into this agreement in order to finance the costs of constructing certain project assets which are under long-term customer contracts. We have determined that we are the primary beneficiary in the operational partnership for accounting purposes. Accordingly, we will consolidate the assets and liabilities and operating results of the entities in our consolidated financial statements. We recognize the investor's share of the net assets of the investor's funds as redeemable non-controlling interests in our consolidated balance sheets. These income or loss allocations, which will be reflected on our consolidated statements of income (loss), may create significant volatility in our reported results of operations, including potentially changing net income available (loss attributable) to common stockholders from income to loss, or vice versa, from quarter to quarter.

In addition to organic growth, strategic acquisitions of complementary businesses and assets have been an important part of our historical development. Since inception, we have completed numerous acquisitions, which have enabled us to broaden our service offerings and expand our geographical reach.

Our acquisition of the energy consultancy and energy project management business of Energyexcel LLP in the third quarter of 2014 added to our local presence in the United Kingdom ("UK") and to our commercial and industrial customer base.

Our acquisition of the business of Ennovate Corporation in the first quarter of 2013 increased our footprint and penetration in the Rocky Mountain area. Our acquisition of energy management consulting companies The Energy Services Partnership Limited (now known as Ameresco Limited) and ESP Response Limited in the second quarter of 2013 added a local presence in the UK, expertise and seasoned energy industry professionals to support multi-national customers of our enterprise energy management service offerings.

Effects of Seasonality

We are subject to seasonal fluctuations and construction cycles, particularly in climates that experience colder weather during the winter months, such as the northern United States and Canada, or at educational institutions, where large projects are typically carried out during summer months when their facilities are unoccupied. In addition, government customers, many of which have fiscal years that do not coincide with ours, typically follow annual procurement cycles and appropriate funds on a fiscal-year basis even though contract performance may take more than one year. Further, government contracting cycles can be affected by the timing of, and delays in, the legislative process related to government programs and incentives that help drive demand for energy efficiency and renewable energy projects. As a result, our revenues and operating income in the third and fourth quarter are typically higher, and our revenues and operating income in the first quarter are typically lower, than in other quarters of the year. As a result of such fluctuations, we may occasionally experience declines in revenue or earnings as compared to the immediately preceding quarter, and comparisons of our operating results on a period-to-period basis may not be meaningful.

Our annual and quarterly financial results are also subject to significant fluctuations as a result of other factors, many of which are outside of our control. See "Our operating results may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter and may fall below expectations in any particular fiscal quarter" in Item 1A, Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 ("Annual Report").

Backlog and Awarded Projects

Total construction backlog represents projects that are active within our ESPC sales cycle. Our sales cycle begins with the initial contact with the customer and ends, when successful, with a signed contract, also referred to as fully-contracted backlog. Our sales cycle recently has been averaging 18 to 42 months. Awarded backlog is created when a potential customer awards a project to Ameresco following a request for proposal. Once a project is awarded but not yet contracted, we typically conduct a detailed energy audit to determine the scope of the project as well as identify the savings that may be expected to be generated

from upgrading the customer's energy infrastructure. At this point, we also determine the sub-contractor, what equipment will be used, and assist in arranging for third party financing, as applicable. Recently, awarded projects have been taking 12 to 18 months to result in a signed contract and thus convert to fully-contracted backlog. It may take longer, however, depending upon the size and complexity of the project. Historically, approximately 90% of our awarded projects ultimately have resulted in a signed contract. After the customer and Ameresco agree to the terms of the contract and the contract becomes executed, the project moves to fully-contracted backlog. The contracts reflected in our fully-contracted backlog typically have a construction period of 12 to 24 months and we typically expect to recognize revenues for such contracts over the same period. Fully-contracted backlog begins converting into revenues generated from backlog on a percentage-of-completion basis once construction has commenced. See "We may not recognize all revenues from our backlog or receive all payments anticipated under awarded projects and customer contracts" and "In order to secure contracts for new projects, we typically face a long and variable selling cycle that requires significant resource commitments and requires a long lead time before we realize revenues" in Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Annual Report.

As of June 30, 2016, we had backlog of approximately \$435.1 million in expected future revenues under signed customer contracts for the installation or construction of projects, which we sometimes refer to as fully-contracted backlog; and we also had been awarded projects for which we do not yet have signed customer contracts with estimated total future revenues of an additional \$1,116.0 million. As of June 30, 2015, we had fully-contracted backlog of approximately \$398.3 million in expected future revenues under signed customer contracts for the installation or construction of projects; and we also had been awarded projects for which we had not yet signed customer contracts with estimated total future revenues of an additional \$944.5 million.

We define our 12-month backlog as the estimated amount of revenues that we expect to recognize in the next twelve months from our fully-contracted backlog. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, our 12-month backlog was \$283.7 million and \$344.0 million, respectively.

Assets in development, which represents the potential design/build project value of small-scale renewable energy plants that have been awarded or for which we have secured development rights, was \$157.0 million and \$152.4 million as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

This discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expense and related disclosures. The most significant estimates with regard to these condensed consolidated financial statements relate to estimates of final contract profit in accordance with long-term contracts, project development costs, project assets, impairment of goodwill, impairment of long-lived assets, fair value of derivative financial instruments, income taxes and stock-based compensation expense.

Such estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and on various other factors that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and assumptions are made on an ongoing basis, and accordingly, the actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following, in no particular order, are certain critical accounting policies that among others, affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements:

- *Revenue Recognition;*
- *Project Assets;*
- *Derivative Financial Instruments;*
and
- *Variable Interest Entities.*

Further details regarding our critical accounting policies and estimates can be found in Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our Annual Report. In addition, please refer to Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," of our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Management has determined that no material changes concerning our critical accounting policies have occurred since December 31, 2015.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The guidance in this ASU affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the Codification. This ASU also supersedes some cost guidance included in ASC 605-35, *Revenue Recognition-Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts*. In addition, the existing requirements for the recognition of a gain or loss on the transfer of nonfinancial assets that are not in a contract with a customer are amended to be consistent with the guidance on recognition and measurement in this ASU. The FASB has approved a one year deferral of this standard, and this pronouncement is now effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Entities would be permitted to adopt the standard as early as the original public entity effective date (i.e., annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods therein). Early adoption prior to that date would not be permitted. Retrospective application of the amendments in this ASU is required. The new guidance must be adopted using either a full retrospective approach for all periods presented in the period of adoption (with some limited relief provided) or a modified retrospective approach. We are currently assessing the impact of this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern (“ASU 2014-15”). ASU 2014-15 requires management to assess an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles of current U.S. auditing standards. Specifically, the amendments (1) provide a definition of the term “substantial doubt”, (2) require an evaluation every reporting period, including interim periods, (3) provide principles for considering the mitigating effect of management’s plans, (4) require certain disclosures when substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management’s plans, (5) require an express statement and other disclosures when substantial doubt is still present, and (6) require an assessment for a period of one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016 and interim periods thereafter. Early adoption is permitted. We do not believe that this pronouncement will have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis (“ASU 2015-02”). ASU 2015-02 affects reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. ASU 2015-02 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those annual reporting periods. We adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2016. This pronouncement did not change our previous consolidation conclusions.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest — Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-03): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (“ASU 2015-03”). ASU 2015-03 requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. ASU 2015-03 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those annual reporting periods. We adopted this accounting standard effective in the first quarter of fiscal 2016. As such, prior periods in our financial statements were retrospectively adjusted.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, Leases. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact of our pending adoption of the new standard on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation-Stock Compensation-Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting (“ASU 2016-09”). The guidance in this ASU involves several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Under ASU 2016-09, income tax benefits and deficiencies are to be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the statement of operations and the tax effects of exercised or vested awards should be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. Additionally, under ASU 2016-09, excess tax benefits should be classified along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity. ASU 2016-09 will be effective for

us on January 1, 2017, with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact ASU 2016-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

The following tables set forth certain financial data from the consolidated statements of income (loss) expressed as a percentage of revenues for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2016		2015	
	Dollar Amount	% of Revenues	Dollar Amount	% of Revenues
Revenues	\$ 162,628	100.0 %	\$ 152,489	100.0 %
Cost of revenues	130,772	80.4 %	121,593	79.7 %
Gross profit	31,856	19.6 %	30,896	20.3 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	27,140	16.7 %	25,812	16.9 %
Operating income	4,716	2.9 %	5,084	3.3 %
Other expenses, net	1,850	1.1 %	1,347	0.9 %
Income before provision from income taxes	2,866	1.8 %	3,737	2.5 %
Income tax provision	766	0.5 %	1,746	1.1 %
Net income	2,100	1.3 %	1,991	1.3 %
Net income attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	(106)	(0.1)%	—	— %
Net income attributable to Ameresco, Inc.	\$ 1,994	1.2 %	\$ 1,991	1.3 %

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2016		2015	
	Dollar Amount	% of Revenues	Dollar Amount	% of Revenues
Revenues	\$ 296,404	100.0 %	\$ 267,922	100.0 %
Cost of revenues	236,872	79.9 %	217,383	81.1 %
Gross profit	59,532	20.1 %	50,539	18.9 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	53,028	17.9 %	49,883	18.6 %
Operating income	6,504	2.2 %	656	0.2 %
Other expenses, net	2,693	0.9 %	4,009	1.5 %
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) from income taxes	3,811	1.3 %	(3,353)	(1.3)%
Income tax provision (benefit)	1,007	0.3 %	(1,156)	(0.4)%
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,804	0.9 %	\$ (2,197)	(0.8)%
Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	244	0.1 %	\$ —	— %
Net income (loss) attributable to Ameresco, Inc.	\$ 3,048	1.0 %	\$ (2,197)	(0.8)%

Revenues

The following tables set forth a comparison of our revenues for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 162,628	\$ 152,489	\$ 10,139	6.6%

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 296,404	\$ 267,922	\$ 28,482	10.6%

Revenues increased \$10.1 million, or 6.6%, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 due to a \$12.7 million increase in revenues from our U.S. Federal segment and a \$2.7 million increase in revenues from our Small-Scale Infrastructure segment, partially offset by a \$1.0 million decrease in revenues from our U.S. Regions segment and a \$3.6 million decrease in revenues from All Other. Revenues increased \$28.5 million, or 10.6%, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 due to a \$27.2 million increase in revenues from our U.S. Federal segment and a \$3.3 million increase in revenues from our Canada segment, partially offset by a \$5.8 million decrease in revenues from our U.S. Regions segment and a \$6.0 million decrease in revenues from All Other.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

The following tables set forth a comparison of our cost of revenues and gross profit for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Cost of revenues	\$ 130,772	\$ 121,593	\$ 9,179	7.5%
Gross margin %	19.6%	20.3%		

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Cost of revenues	\$ 236,872	\$ 217,383	\$ 19,489	9.0%
Gross margin %	20.1%	18.9%		

Cost of revenues increased \$9.2 million, or 7.5%, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and increased \$19.5 million, or 9.0%, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods of 2015, respectively, primarily due to the increase in revenues described above. Gross margin percentage decreased to 19.6% from 20.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015. This decrease was primarily attributable to cost budget revisions in our U.S. Federal segment during the three months ended June 30, 2016. Gross margin percentage increased to 20.1% from 18.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period for 2015. This increase was primarily due to the increase in revenues described above as well as cost budget revisions on a significant project in our Canada segment during the first quarter of 2015, which resulted in a reduction in project to date revenues recognized and a reserve for potential future losses on the project recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

As a result of certain acquisitions, we have intangible assets related to customer contracts; these are typically amortized over a period of approximately one to five years from the respective date of acquisition. This amortization is recorded as a cost of revenues in the consolidated statements of income (loss). For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we recorded amortization expense of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, related to customer contracts. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we recorded amortization expense of \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, related to customer contracts.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

The following tables set forth a comparison of our selling, general and administrative expenses for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 27,140	\$ 25,812	\$ 1,328	5.1%

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 53,028	\$ 49,883	\$ 3,145	6.3%

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.3 million, or 5.1%, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 primarily due to \$2.1 million in restructuring charges which included \$1.9 million in bad debt expense in our Canada segment related to our restructuring efforts. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$3.1 million, or 6.3%, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily due to \$2.4 million in restructuring charges, which included the \$1.9 million in bad debt expense in our Canada segment described above and a \$0.7 million write-down of accounts receivable, costs and estimated

earnings in excess of billings and prepaid expenses and other current assets during the first quarter of 2016 related to a customer that declared bankruptcy.

Amortization expense of intangible assets related to customer relationships, non-compete agreements, technology and trade names is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income (loss). For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we recorded amortization expense, related to these intangible assets, of \$0.6 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we recorded amortization expense, related to these intangible assets, of \$1.1 million and \$1.6 million, respectively.

Other Expenses, Net

Other expenses, net includes gains and losses from derivatives and foreign currency transactions, interest income and expenses and amortization of deferred financing costs, net. Other expenses, net, increased \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to an increase in interest expense. Other expenses, net, decreased \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to favorable foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, partially offset by a \$0.5 million increase in interest expense.

Income (Loss) Before Taxes

Income before taxes decreased \$0.9 million, or 23.3%, to \$2.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$3.7 million for the same period of 2015 due to the reasons described above. Income before taxes increased \$7.2 million or 213.7%, to \$3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from a loss of \$3.4 million for the same period of 2015 due to the reasons described above.

Provision (Benefit) from Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared to \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The provision for income taxes was \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to a benefit of \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The estimated annual effective tax rate applied for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was 26.7% compared to 46.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The estimated annual effective tax rate applied for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was 26.4% compared to 34.5% for the same period of 2015. The decrease in the rate compared to the same periods in the prior year was due primarily to the effects of the tax deduction under Internal Revenue Code Section 179D which had expired as of December 31, 2014 and was not available as of June 30, 2015. It was retroactively reinstated in December of 2015, however, and was available for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The current expiration date for the 179D deduction is December 31, 2016.

The principal reasons for the difference between the statutory rate and the estimated annual effective rate for 2016 relate to the effects of the tax deduction under Internal Revenue Code Section 179D and investment tax credits and production tax credits to which we are entitled from plants we own. The principal reason for the difference between the statutory rate and the estimated annual effective rate for 2015 were the effects of the valuation allowance required for the expected Canada losses as well as the investment tax credits and production tax credits to which we are entitled from plants we own.

The investment tax credits to which we are entitled fluctuate from year to year based on the cost of the renewable energy plants that we place or expect to place in service in that year.

Net Income (Loss) and Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Net income increased \$0.1 million, or 5.5%, to \$2.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$2.0 million for the same period of 2015. Net income increased \$5.0 million, or 227.6%, to \$2.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from a loss of \$2.2 million for the same period of 2015.

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$0.04. Basic and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$0.07, an increase of \$0.12, or 240.0%, compared to the same period of 2015.

Business Segment Analysis (in thousands)

We report results under ASC 280, *Segment Reporting*. Our reportable segments are U.S. Regions, U.S. Federal, Canada and Small-Scale Infrastructure. Our U.S. Regions, U.S. Federal and Canada segments offer energy efficiency products and services, which include: the design, engineering and installation of equipment and other measures to improve the efficiency and control the operation of a facility's energy infrastructure; renewable energy solutions and services, which include the

construction of small-scale plants that we own or develop for customers that produce electricity, gas, heat or cooling from renewable sources of energy; and O&M services. Our Small-Scale Infrastructure segment sells electricity, processed LFG, heat or cooling, produced from renewable sources of energy and generated by small-scale plants that we own. Our Small-Scale Infrastructure segment also now includes certain small-scale plants developed for customers previously included in our U.S. Regions segment. Previously reported amounts have been restated for comparative purposes. The “All Other” category offers enterprise energy management services, consulting services and integrated-PV. These segments do not include results of other activities, such as corporate operating expenses not specifically allocated to the segments.

U.S. Regions

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 70,583	\$ 71,594	\$ (1,011)	(1.4)%
Income before taxes	\$ 4,623	\$ 6,158	\$ (1,535)	(24.9)%

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 112,204	\$ 118,028	\$ (5,824)	(4.9)%
Income before taxes	\$ 4,814	\$ 8,075	\$ (3,261)	(40.4)%

Revenues for our U.S. Regions segment decreased \$1.0 million, or 1.4%, to \$70.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and decreased \$5.8 million, or 4.9%, to \$112.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015, respectively, primarily due to a decrease in the number of active projects.

Income before taxes for our U.S. Regions segment decreased \$1.5 million, or 24.9%, to \$4.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and decreased \$3.3 million, or 40.4%, to \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015, respectively, primarily due to the decrease in revenues described above, which resulted in decreased operating leverage, and an increase in project development costs.

U.S. Federal

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 43,099	\$ 30,437	\$ 12,662	41.6 %
Income before taxes	\$ 4,565	\$ 5,042	\$ (477)	(9.5)%

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 81,768	\$ 54,580	\$ 27,188	49.8 %
Income before taxes	\$ 10,965	\$ 8,300	\$ 2,665	32.1 %

Revenues for our U.S. Federal segment increased \$12.7 million, or 41.6%, to \$43.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and increased \$27.2 million, or 49.8%, to \$81.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015, respectively, primarily due to an increase in project size and the timing of revenue recognized as a result of the phase of active projects.

Income before taxes for our U.S. Federal segment decreased \$0.5 million, or 9.5%, to \$4.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to a cost budget revision on a large project. Income before taxes for our U.S. Federal segment increased \$2.7 million, or 32.1%, to \$11.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to the increase in revenue described above, partially offset by the budget revision described above.

Canada

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 13,198	\$ 13,837	\$ (639)	(4.6)%
Income (loss) before taxes	\$ (1,844)	\$ (570)	\$ (1,274)	223.5 %

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 28,005	\$ 24,732	\$ 3,273	13.2 %
Loss before taxes	\$ (1,303)	\$ (5,578)	\$ 4,275	(76.6)%

Revenues for our Canada segment decreased \$0.6 million, or 4.6%, to \$13.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to the phase of active projects. Revenues for our Canada segment increased \$3.3 million, or 13.2%, to \$28.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015, primarily due to cost budget revisions, during the first quarter of 2015, on a significant project which resulted in a reduction in project to date revenues recognized in 2015.

Loss before taxes for our Canada segment increased \$1.3 million to \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to \$1.9 million of bad debt expense related to our previously disclosed restructuring efforts in Canada. Loss before taxes for our Canada segment decreased \$4.3 million, or 76.6%, to \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015 primarily due to a reserve in 2015 for potential future losses on the significant project described above, partially offset by the bad debt expense recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2016 described above.

Small-Scale Infrastructure

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 19,060	\$ 16,319	\$ 2,741	16.8%
Income before taxes	\$ 2,290	\$ 2,112	\$ 178	8.4%

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 39,753	\$ 29,922	\$ 9,831	32.9%
Income before taxes	\$ 4,611	\$ 2,349	\$ 2,262	96.3%

Revenues for our Small-Scale Infrastructure segment increased \$2.7 million, or 16.8%, to \$19.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and increased \$9.8 million, or 32.9%, to \$39.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015, primarily due to the active development of a small-scale plant we are constructing for a customer during the six months ended June 30, 2016, as compared to the same period of 2015 where no similar projects were in development.

Income before taxes for our Small-Scale Infrastructure segment increased \$0.2 million, or 8.4%, to \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 primarily due to the increase in revenues described above offset by revisions to our property tax estimates resulting in a cumulative decrease in accrued costs in 2015. Income before taxes for our Small-Scale Infrastructure segment increased \$2.3 million, or 96.3%, to \$4.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to the increase in revenues described above.

All Other & Unallocated Corporate Activity

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 16,688	\$ 20,302	\$ (3,614)	(17.8)%
Income (loss) before taxes	\$ 71	\$ (2,108)	\$ 2,179	(103.4)%
Unallocated corporate activity	\$ (6,839)	\$ (6,897)	\$ 58	(0.8)%

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
Revenues	\$ 34,674	\$ 40,660	\$ (5,986)	(14.7)%
Loss before taxes	\$ (710)	\$ (3,094)	\$ 2,384	(77.1)%
Unallocated corporate activity	\$ (14,566)	\$ (13,405)	\$ (1,161)	8.7 %

Revenues not allocated to segments and presented as All Other decreased \$3.6 million, or 17.8%, to \$16.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and decreased \$6.0 million, or 14.7%, to \$34.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015 primarily due to our anticipated decrease in integrated-PV sales as a result of a weakening of sales to customers for oilfield microgrid applications.

Income (loss) before taxes not allocated to segments and presented as all other increased \$2.2 million to income of \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and increased \$2.4 million, or 77.1%, to a loss of \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015 primarily due to the positive impact of our 2015 restructuring efforts including cost savings realized in our software group.

Unallocated corporate activity includes all corporate level selling, general and administrative expenses and other expenses not allocated to the segments. We do not allocate any indirect expenses to the segments.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources of liquidity. Since inception, we have funded operations primarily through cash flow from operations, advances from Federal ESPC projects and various forms of debt. We believe that available cash and cash equivalents and availability under our revolving senior secured credit facility, combined with our access to credit markets, will be sufficient to fund our operations through 2016 and thereafter.

Proceeds from our Federal ESPC projects are generally received through agreements to sell the ESPC receivables related to certain ESPC contracts to third-party investors. We use the advances from the investors under these agreements to finance the projects. Until recourse to us ceases for the ESPC receivables transferred to the investor, upon final acceptance of the work by the government customer, we are the primary obligor for financing received. The transfers of receivables under these agreements do not qualify for sales accounting until final customer acceptance of the work, so the advances from the investors are not classified as operating cash flows. Cash draws that we receive under these ESPC agreements are recorded as financing cash inflows. The use of the cash received under these arrangements to pay project costs is classified as operating cash flows. Due to the manner in which the ESPC contracts with the third-party investors are structured, our reported operating cash flows are materially impacted by the fact that operating cash flows only reflect the ESPC contract expenditure outflows and do not reflect any inflows from the corresponding contract revenues. Upon acceptance of the project by the federal customer the ESPC receivable and corresponding ESPC liability are removed from our consolidated balance sheet as a non-cash settlement. See Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies", to our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Our service offering also includes the development, construction and operation of small-scale renewable energy plants. Small-scale renewable energy projects, or project assets, can either be developed for the portfolio of assets that we own and operate or designed and built for customers. Expenditures related to projects that we own are recorded as cash outflows from investing activities. Expenditures related to projects that we build for customers are recorded as cash outflows from operating activities as cost of revenues.

The amount of interest capitalized relating to construction financing during the period of construction for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

Cash flows from operating activities. Operating activities used \$39.7 million of net cash during the six months ended June 30, 2016. During that period, we had net income of \$2.8 million, which is net of non-cash compensation, depreciation, amortization, deferred income taxes, unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss and other non-cash items totaling \$14.0 million. Decreases in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings, net, other assets and an increase in income taxes payable provided \$19.5 million. These were offset by increases in restricted cash, accounts receivable, including retainage, inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets, project development costs and decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities and other liabilities, which used \$25.8 million in cash. An increase in Federal ESPC receivables used an additional \$50.2 million. As described above, Federal ESPC operating cash flows only reflect the ESPC expenditure outflows and do not reflect any inflows from the corresponding contract revenues, which are recorded as cash inflows from financing activities due to the timing of the receipt of cash related to the assignment of the ESPC receivables to the third-party investors.

Operating activities used \$37.0 million of net cash during the six months ended June 30, 2015. During that period, we had a net loss of \$2.2 million, which is net of non-cash compensation, depreciation, amortization, deferred income taxes, unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss and other non-cash items totaling \$11.6 million. Decreases in accounts receivable, including retainage, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings, net provided \$7.0 million in cash. These were offset by increases in restricted cash, inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets, project development costs and other assets and decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses, other liabilities and income taxes payable, which used \$23.7 million. An increase in Federal ESPC receivables used an additional \$29.6 million.

Cash flows from investing activities. Cash flows from investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 used \$23.0 million. We invested \$20.8 million on purchases of project assets during the six months ended June 30, 2016. We plan to invest an additional \$50 million to \$65 million on capital expenditures, principally for renewable energy plants, for the remainder of 2016. In addition, we invested \$2.2 million in purchases of other property and equipment.

Cash flows from investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2015 used \$13.4 million. Development of our renewable energy plants used \$13.6 million. In addition, we invested \$0.6 million in purchases of other property and equipment and received \$0.9 million from the sale of assets.

Cash flows from financing activities. Cash flows from financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 provided \$57.2 million. This was primarily due to proceeds from redeemable non-controlling interest of \$6.5 million, \$3.4 million of restricted cash released into operating cash, \$11.0 million received under our sale-leaseback financing arrangement, proceeds from project financings of \$3.0 million, net draws on our revolving credit facility of \$2.9 million and proceeds from exercises of options of \$0.5 million. This was partially offset by payments on long-term debt of \$6.1 million, repurchase of stock of \$1.9 million, including fees, and payments of financing fees of \$0.7 million. Proceeds from Federal ESPC projects provided \$38.8 million.

Cash flows from financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2015 provided \$45.1 million. This was primarily due to \$7.6 million received under our sale-leaseback financing arrangement, net draws on our revolving credit facility of \$3.5 million and proceeds from exercises of options of \$0.6 million. These was partially offset by payments on long-term debt of \$6.1 million and payments of financing fees of \$1.2 million. Proceeds from Federal ESPC projects provided \$40.9 million.

Senior Secured Credit Facility — Revolver and Term Loan

On June 30, 2015, we entered into a third amended and restated bank credit facility with two banks. The new credit facility replaces and extended our existing credit facility, which was scheduled to expire in accordance with its terms on June 30, 2016. The revolving credit facility matures on June 30, 2020 and the term loan facility matures on June 30, 2018, when all amounts will be due and payable in full. We expect to use the new credit facility for our general corporate purposes, including permitted acquisitions, refinancing of existing indebtedness and working capital.

The credit facility consists of a \$60.0 million revolving credit facility and a \$17.1 million term loan. The amount of the term loan represents the amount outstanding under our existing term loan at closing. The revolving credit facility may be increased by up to an additional \$25.0 million at our option if lenders are willing to provide such increased commitments, subject to certain conditions. Up to \$20.0 million of the revolving credit facility may be borrowed in Canadian dollars, Euros and Pounds Sterling. We are the sole borrower under the credit facility. The obligations under the credit facility are guaranteed by certain of our direct and indirect wholly owned domestic subsidiaries and are secured by a pledge of all of our and such of our subsidiary guarantors' assets, other than the equity interests of certain subsidiaries and assets held in non-core subsidiaries

(as defined in the agreement). At June 30, 2016, there was \$14.2 million borrowings outstanding and \$36.1 million available under the revolving credit facility and \$11.4 million outstanding under the term loan.

The interest rate for borrowings under the credit facility is based on, at our option, either (1) a base rate equal to a margin of 0.50% or 0.25%, depending on our ratio of Total Funded Debt to EBITDA (each as defined in the agreement), over the highest of (a) the federal funds effective rate, plus 0.50%, (b) Bank of America's prime rate and (c) a rate based on the London interbank deposit rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.50%, or (2) the one-, two- three- or six-month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.00% or 1.75%, depending on our ratio of Total Funded Debt to EBITDA. A commitment fee of 0.375% is payable quarterly on the undrawn portion of the revolving credit facility. At June 30, 2016, the interest rate for borrowings under the revolving credit facility was 3.75% and interest rate for borrowings under the term loan was 2.38%.

The revolving credit facility does not require amortization of principal. The term loan requires quarterly principal payments of \$1.4 million, with the balance due at maturity. All borrowings may be paid before maturity in whole or in part at our option without penalty or premium, other than reimbursement of any breakage and deployment costs in the case of LIBOR borrowings.

The credit facility limits our ability to, among other things: incur additional indebtedness; incur liens or guarantee obligations; merge, liquidate or dispose of assets; make acquisitions or other investments; enter into hedging agreements; pay dividends and make other distributions and engage in transactions with affiliates, except in the ordinary course of business on an arms' length basis.

Under the credit facility, we may not invest cash or property in, or loan to, our non-core subsidiaries in aggregate amounts exceeding 49% of our consolidated stockholders' equity. In addition, under the credit facility, we and our core subsidiaries must maintain the following financial covenants:

- a ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA of less than 2.0 to 1.0; and
- a debt service coverage ratio (as defined in the agreement) of at least 1.5 to 1.0.

Any failure to comply with the financial or other covenants of the credit facility would not only prevent us from being able to borrow additional funds, but would constitute a default, permitting the lenders to, among other things, accelerate the amounts outstanding, including all accrued interest and unpaid fees, under the credit facility, to terminate the credit facility, and enforce liens against the collateral.

The credit facility also includes several other customary events of default, including a change in control, permitting the lenders to accelerate the indebtedness, terminate the credit facility, and enforce liens against the collateral.

As of June 30, 2016, we were in compliance with all of the financial and operational covenants in the senior credit facility. In addition, we do not consider it likely that we will fail to comply with these covenants for the next twelve months. After the quarter ended we entered into an amendment to the credit facility that increases our ability to draw on the revolving credit facility. See Note 11 for further details.

Project Financing

Construction and Term Loans. We have entered into a number of construction and term loan agreements for the purpose of constructing and owning certain renewable energy plants. The physical assets and the operating agreements related to the renewable energy plants are owned by wholly owned, single member special purpose subsidiaries. These construction and term loans are structured as project financings made directly to a subsidiary, and upon acceptance of a project, the related construction loan converts into a term loan. While we are required under GAAP to reflect these loans as liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet, they are generally nonrecourse and not direct obligations of Ameresco, Inc. As of June 30, 2016, we had outstanding \$87.8 million in aggregate principal amount under these loans with maturities at various dates from 2017 to 2028. Effective interest rates, after consideration for our interest rate swap contracts, ranged from 4.7% to 7.3%.

In September 2015, the Company entered into a credit and guaranty agreement for use in providing non-recourse financing for certain of its solar-PV projects currently under construction. The credit and guaranty agreement provides for a \$20.7 million construction-to-term loan credit facility and bears interest at a variable rate. On March 30, 2016, the construction loan was converted to a term loan. At June 30, 2016, \$20.6 million was outstanding under the term loan. The variable rate for this loan at June 30, 2016 was 3.1%.

One loan with an outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 totaling \$2.9 million, requires Ameresco, Inc. to provide assurance to the lender of the project performance. A second loan, entered into during 2012, with an outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 of \$37.1 million requires Ameresco, Inc. to provide assurance to the lender of reimbursement upon any recapture of certain renewable energy Government cash grants upon the occurrence of events that cause the recapture of such grants. As of December 31, 2015, we had outstanding \$87.5 million in aggregate principal amount under these loans. Effective interest rates, after consideration for our interest rate swap contracts, ranged from 2.8% to 7.3%. These loans mature at various dates from 2017 to 2028.

These construction and term loan agreements require us to comply with a variety of financial and operational covenants. As of June 30, 2016 we were in compliance with all of these financial and operational covenants. In addition, we do not consider it likely that we will fail to comply with these covenants during the term of these agreements.

Federal ESPC Liabilities. We have arrangements with certain lenders to provide advances to us during the construction or installation of projects for certain customers, typically federal governmental entities, in exchange for our assignment to the lenders of our rights to the long-term receivables arising from the ESPCs related to such projects. These financings totaled \$121.6 million and \$122.0 million in principal amounts at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Under the terms of these financing arrangements, we are required to complete the construction or installation of the project in accordance with the contract with our customer, and the debt remains on our consolidated balance sheets until the completed project is accepted by the customer.

Sale-Leaseback. During the first quarter of 2015, we entered into an agreement with an investor which gives us the option to sell and contemporaneously lease back solar photovoltaic (“solar-PV”) projects. The lender has committed to provide up to a maximum combined funding amount of \$50.0 million through December 31, 2016, on certain projects. As of June 30, 2016, \$26.5 million remained available under the lending commitment. During the quarter ended June 30, 2016, we sold three solar-PV projects and in return received \$7.5 million as part of this arrangement. No solar-PV projects were sold during the quarter ended June 30, 2015. While we are required under GAAP to reflect these lease payments as liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet, they are generally nonrecourse and not direct obligations of Ameresco, Inc., except that Ameresco, Inc. has guaranteed certain obligations relating to taxes and project warranties, operation and maintenance.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our significant contractual obligations and commitments as of June 30, 2016 (in thousands):

	Payments due by Period				
	Total	Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years	More than Five Years
Senior Secured Credit Facility:					
Revolver	\$ 14,200	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14,200	\$ —
Term Loan	11,429	5,714	5,715	—	—
Project Financing:					
Construction and term loans	87,811	7,581	15,627	38,149	26,454
Federal ESPC liabilities(1)	121,633	—	121,633	—	—
Interest obligations(2)	45,205	6,190	10,214	8,076	20,725
Capital lease liabilities	12,236	1,588	3,692	3,262	3,694
Operating leases	17,946	4,251	6,512	3,493	3,690
Total	\$ 310,460	\$ 25,324	\$ 163,393	\$ 67,180	\$ 54,563

- (1) Federal ESPC arrangements relate to the installation and construction of projects for certain customers, typically federal governmental entities, where we assign to the third-party lenders our right to customer receivables. We are relieved of the liability when the project is completed and accepted by the customer. We typically expect to be relieved of the liability between one and three years from the date of project construction commencement. The table does not include, for our Federal ESPC liability arrangements, the difference between the aggregate amount of the long-term customer receivables sold by us to the lender and the amount received by us from the lender for such sale.
- (2) For both the revolver and term loan portion of our senior secured credit facility, the table above assumes that the variable interest rate in effect at June 30, 2016 remains constant for the term of the facility.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have during the periods presented, and we do not currently have, any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined under SEC rules, such as relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, which are often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, established for the purpose of facilitating financing transactions that are not required to be reflected on our balance sheet.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As of June 30, 2016, there have been no significant changes in market risk exposures that materially affected the quantitative and qualitative disclosures as described in Item 7A to our Annual Report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, or the evaluation date. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Our management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Our management, after evaluating the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the evaluation date, concluded that as of the evaluation date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable level of assurance.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

In the ordinary conduct of our business we are subject to periodic lawsuits, investigations and claims. Although we cannot predict with certainty the ultimate resolution of such lawsuits, investigations and claims against us, we do not believe that any currently pending or threatened legal proceedings to which we are a party will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

For additional information about certain proceedings, please refer to Note 5, “Commitments and Contingencies”, to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated into this item by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

As of June 30, 2016, there have been no material changes to the risk factors described in Item 1A to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and Item 1A to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity and Use of Proceeds*Stock Repurchase Program*

The following table provides information as of and for the quarter ended June 30, 2016 regarding shares of our Class A common stock that were repurchased under our stock repurchase program authorized by the Board of Directors on April 27, 2016 (the “Repurchase Program”):

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1, 2016 - April 30, 2016	—	\$ —	—	\$ 10,000,000
May 1, 2016 - May 31, 2016	118,395	4.68	118,395	9,446,056
June 1, 2016 - June 30, 2016	299,303	4.60	299,303	8,067,945
Total	417,698	\$ 4.63	417,698	\$ 8,067,945

Under the Repurchase Program, we are authorized to repurchase up to \$10.0 million of our Class A common stock. Stock repurchases may be made from time to time through the open market and privately negotiated transactions. The amount and timing of any share repurchases will depend upon a variety of factors, including the trading price of our Class A common stock, liquidity, securities laws restrictions, other regulatory restrictions, potential alternative uses of capital, and market and economic conditions. The Repurchase Program may be suspended or terminated at any time without prior notice, and has no expiration date.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the Exhibit Index immediately preceding the exhibits are filed (other than exhibit 32.1) as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and such Exhibit Index is incorporated herein by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 9, 2016

AMERESCO, INC.

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

John R. Granara, III

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(duly authorized and principal financial officer)

Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1*	Amendment No. 1 to Third Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement dated April 22, 2016 among Ameresco, Inc., certain guarantors party thereto, certain lenders party thereto from time to time and Bank of America, N.A. as Administrative Agent.
10.2*	Amendment No. 2 to Third Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement dated May 4, 2016 among Ameresco, Inc., certain guarantors party thereto, certain lenders party thereto from time to time and Bank of America, N.A. as Administrative Agent.
10.3*	Seventh Amendment to Lease dated May 6, 2016 by and between 111 MPA LLC and Ameresco, Inc.
31.1*	Principal Executive Officer Certification required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Principal Financial Officer Certification required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101*	The following condensed consolidated financial statements from Ameresco, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2016, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss), (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Redeemable Non-Controlling Interest and Stockholders' Equity, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

*Filed herewith.

**Furnished herewith.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT is dated as of April 22, 2016 (this "Amendment"), among AMERESCO, INC. (the "Borrower"), THE GUARANTORS PARTY HERETO (the "Guarantors" and collectively with the Borrower, the "Loan Parties"), THE LENDERS PARTY HERETO (the "Lenders"), and BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as administrative agent (the "Agent").

WHEREAS, the Loan Parties, the Lenders, and the Agent are parties to that certain Third Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement dated as of June 30, 2015, among the Borrower, the Guarantors, the Lenders, and the Agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Loan Parties, the Agent and the Lenders wish to revise certain provisions of the Credit Agreement, as described herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the agreements contained herein, the parties agree that the Credit Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Capitalized Terms. Except as otherwise expressly defined herein, all capitalized terms used herein which are defined in the Credit Agreement have the same meanings herein as therein, except to the extent that such meanings are amended hereby.

2. Amendment to Credit Agreement.

(a) Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

i. The following new definitions are hereby inserted in alphabetical order:

"Bail-In Action" means the exercise of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable EEA Resolution Authority in respect of any liability of an EEA Financial Institution.

"Bail-In Legislation" means, with respect to any EEA Member Country implementing Article 55 of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union, the implementing law for such EEA Member Country from time to time which is described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule.

"EEA Financial Institution" means (a) any credit institution or investment firm established in any EEA Member Country which is subject to the supervision of an EEA Resolution Authority, (b) any entity established in an EEA Member Country which is a parent of an institution described in clause (a) of this definition, or (c) any financial institution established in an EEA Member Country which is a

subsidiary of an institution described in clauses (a) or (b) of this definition and is subject to consolidated supervision with its parent.

“EEA Member Country” means any of the member states of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.

“EEA Resolution Authority” means any public administrative authority or any person entrusted with public administrative authority of any EEA Member Country (including any delegee) having responsibility for the resolution of any EEA Financial Institution.

“EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule” means the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule published by the Loan Market Association (or any successor person), as in effect from time to time.

“Write-Down and Conversion Powers” means, with respect to any EEA Resolution Authority, the write-down and conversion powers of such EEA Resolution Authority from time to time under the Bail-In Legislation for the applicable EEA Member Country, which write-down and conversion powers are described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule.

ii. The definition of “Defaulting Lender” is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

“Defaulting Lender” means, subject to Section 2.13(b), any Lender that (a) has failed to (i) fund all or any portion of its Loans within two (2) Business Days of the date such Loans were required to be funded hereunder unless such Lender notifies the Agent and the Borrower in writing that such failure is the result of such Lender’s determination that one or more conditions precedent to funding (each of which conditions precedent, together with any applicable default, shall be specifically identified in such writing) has not been satisfied, or (ii) pay to the Agent, the LC Issuer, the Swingline Lender or any other Lender any other amount required to be paid by it hereunder (including in respect of its participation in Letters of Credit or Swingline Loans) within two (2) Business Days of the date when due, (b) has notified the Borrower, the Agent, the LC Issuer or the Swingline Lender in writing that it does not intend to comply with its funding obligations hereunder, or has made a public statement to that effect (unless such writing or public statement relates to such Lender’s obligation to fund a Loan hereunder and states that such position is based on such Lender’s determination that a condition precedent to funding (which condition precedent, together with any applicable default, shall be specifically identified in such writing or public statement) cannot be satisfied), (c) has failed, within three (3) Business Days after written request by the Agent or the Borrower, to confirm in writing to the Agent and the Borrower that it will comply with its prospective funding obligations hereunder (provided that such Lender shall cease to be a Defaulting Lender pursuant to this clause (c) upon receipt of such written confirmation by the Agent and the Borrower), or (d) has, or has a direct or indirect parent company that has, (i) become the subject of a

proceeding under any Debtor Relief Law, (ii) had appointed for it a receiver, custodian, conservator, trustee, administrator, assignee for the benefit of creditors or similar Person charged with reorganization or liquidation of its business or assets, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other state or federal regulatory authority acting in such a capacity, or (iii) become the subject of a Bail-In Action; provided that a Lender shall not be a Defaulting Lender solely by virtue of the ownership or acquisition of any Equity Interest in that Lender or any direct or indirect parent company thereof by a Governmental Authority so long as such ownership interest does not result in or provide such Lender with immunity from the jurisdiction of courts within the United States or from the enforcement of judgments or writs of attachment on its assets or permit such Lender (or such Governmental Authority) to reject, repudiate, disavow or disaffirm any contracts or agreements made with such Lender. Any determination by the Agent that a Lender is a Defaulting Lender under any one or more of clauses (a) through (d) above, and the effective date of such status, shall be conclusive and binding absent manifest error, and such Lender shall be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender (subject to Section 2.13(b)) as of the date established therefor by the Agent in a written notice of such determination, which shall be delivered by the Agent to the Borrower, the LC Issuer, the Swingline Lender and each other Lender promptly following such determination.

(b) Section 2.13(a)(iv) of the Credit Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

(iv) Reallocation of Applicable Percentages to Reduce Fronting Exposure . All or any part of such Defaulting Lender's participation in LC Obligations and Swingline Loans shall be reallocated among the Non-Defaulting Lenders in accordance with their respective Applicable Percentages of the Revolving Facility (calculated without regard to such Defaulting Lender's Commitment) but only to the extent that such reallocation does not cause the aggregate Revolving Exposure of any Non-Defaulting Lender to exceed such Non-Defaulting Lender's Commitment. Subject to Section 12.24, no reallocation hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release of any claim of any party hereunder against a Defaulting Lender arising from that Lender having become a Defaulting Lender, including any claim of a Non-Defaulting Lender as a result of such Non-Defaulting Lender's increased exposure following such reallocation.

(c) Section 3.1(a) of the Credit Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

(a) Payments Free of Taxes; Obligation to Withhold; Payments on Account of Taxes .

(i) Any and all payments by or on account of any obligation of any Loan Party under any Loan Document shall be made without deduction or withholding for any Taxes, except as required by applicable Laws. If any applicable Laws (as determined in the good faith discretion of the Agent) require the deduction or withholding of any Tax from any such payment by the Agent, then the Agent shall be entitled to make such

deduction or withholding, upon the basis of the information and documentation to be delivered pursuant to subsection (e) below.

(ii) If any Loan Party or the Agent shall be required by the Code to withhold or deduct any Taxes, including both United States federal backup withholding and withholding taxes, from any payment, then (A) the Agent shall withhold or make such deductions as are determined by the Agent to be required based upon the information and documentation it has received pursuant to subsection (e) below, (B) the Agent shall timely pay the full amount withheld or deducted to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with the Code, and (C) to the extent that the withholding or deduction is made on account of Indemnified Taxes, the sum payable by the applicable Loan Party shall be increased as necessary so that after any required withholding or the making of all required deductions (including deductions applicable to additional sums payable under this Section 3.1) the applicable Recipient receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such withholding or deduction been made.

(iii) If any Loan Party or the Agent shall be required by any applicable Laws other than the Code to withhold or deduct any Taxes from any payment, then (A) such Loan Party or the Agent, as required by such Laws, shall withhold or make such deductions as are determined by it to be required based upon the information and documentation it has received pursuant to subsection (e) below, (B) such Loan Party or the Agent, to the extent required by such Laws, shall timely pay the full amount withheld or deducted to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with such Laws, and (C) to the extent that the withholding or deduction is made on account of Indemnified Taxes, the sum payable by the applicable Loan Party shall be increased as necessary so that after any required withholding or the making of all required deductions (including deductions applicable to additional sums payable under this Section 3.1) the applicable Recipient receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such withholding or deduction been made.

(d) The Credit Agreement is hereby amended to add the following new Section 6.24 immediately following Section 6.23:

6.24 Neither the Borrower nor any Guarantor is an EEA Financial Institution.

(e) Section 9.1(j) of the Credit Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

(j) Indebtedness of the Canadian Subsidiaries to any Loan Party in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$22,000,000 outstanding at any time;

(f) The final sentence of Section 11.6(b) of the Credit Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

After the retiring Agent's resignation hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, the provisions of this Article and Section 12.4 shall continue in effect for the benefit of such retiring Agent, its sub-agents and their respective Related Parties in respect of any actions taken or omitted to be taken by any of them (i) while the retiring Agent was acting as Agent

and (ii) after such resignation for as long as any of them continues to act in any capacity hereunder or under the other Loan Documents, including, without limitation, (A) acting as collateral agent or otherwise holding any collateral security on behalf of any of the Secured Parties and (B) in respect of any actions taken in connection with transferring the agency to any successor Agent.

(g) The Credit Agreement is hereby amended to add the following new Section 12.24 immediately following Section 12.23:

12.24 Acknowledgement and Consent to Bail-In of EEA Financial Institutions . Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document or in any other agreement, arrangement or understanding among any such parties, each party hereto acknowledges that any liability of any Lender that is an EEA Financial Institution arising under any Loan Document, to the extent such liability is unsecured, may be subject to the write-down and conversion powers of an EEA Resolution Authority and agrees and consents to, and acknowledges and agrees to be bound by:

(a) the application of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by an EEA Resolution Authority to any such liabilities arising hereunder which may be payable to it by any Lender that is an EEA Financial Institution; and

(b) the effects of any Bail-in Action on any such liability, including, if applicable:

(i) a reduction in full or in part or cancellation of any such liability;

(ii) a conversion of all, or a portion of, such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership in such EEA Financial Institution, its parent undertaking, or a bridge institution that may be issued to it or otherwise conferred on it, and that such shares or other instruments of ownership will be accepted by it in lieu of any rights with respect to any such liability under this Agreement or any other Loan Document; or

(iii) the variation of the terms of such liability in connection with the exercise of the write-down and conversion powers of any EEA Resolution Authority.

3. Confirmation of Guaranty by Guarantors. Each Guarantor hereby confirms and agrees that all indebtedness, obligations or liability of the Borrower under the Credit Agreement as amended hereby, whether any such indebtedness, obligations and liabilities are now existing or hereafter arising, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, or direct or indirect, constitute “Guaranteed Obligations” under and as defined in the Credit Agreement and, subject to the limitation set forth in Section 4.1 of the Credit Agreement, are guaranteed by and entitled to the benefits of the Guaranty set forth in Article 4 of the Credit Agreement. Each Guarantor hereby ratifies and confirms the terms and provisions of such Guarantor’s Guaranty and agrees that all of such terms and provisions remain in full force and effect.

4. Confirmation of Security Interests. Each Loan Party (other than the Special Guarantors) hereby confirms and agrees that all indebtedness, obligations and liabilities of the Loan Parties under the Credit Agreement as amended hereby, whether any such indebtedness,

obligations and liabilities are now existing or hereafter arising, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, or direct or indirect, constitute "Secured Obligations" under and as defined in the Credit Agreement and are secured by the Collateral and entitled to the benefits of the grant of security interests pursuant to Article 5 of the Credit Agreement. The Loan Parties (other than the Special Guarantors) hereby ratify and confirm the terms and provisions of Article 5 of the Credit Agreement and agree that, after giving effect to this Amendment, all of such terms and provisions remain in full force and effect.

5. No Default; Representations and Warranties, etc. The Loan Parties hereby confirm that, after giving effect to this Amendment, (i) the representations and warranties of the Loan Parties contained in Article 6 of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents (A) that contain a materiality qualification are true and correct on and as of the date hereof as if made on such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate to an earlier date), and (B) that do not contain a materiality qualification are true and correct in all material respects on and as of the date hereof as if made on such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate to an earlier date), and (ii) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing. Each Loan Party hereby further represents and warrants that (a) the execution, delivery and performance by such Loan Party of this Amendment (i) have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of such Loan Party, (ii) will not violate any applicable law or regulation or the organizational documents of such Loan Party, (iii) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding on such Loan Party or any of its assets that will have a Material Adverse Effect, and (iv) do not require any consent, waiver, approval, authorization or order of, or filing, registration or qualification with, any court or governmental authority or any Person (other than the Agent and the Lenders) which has not been made or obtained; and (b) it has duly executed and delivered this Amendment.

6. Conditions to Effectiveness. This Amendment shall become effective upon the receipt by the Agent of counterparts of this Amendment duly executed by each of the parties hereto or written evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Agent that each of the parties hereto has signed a counterpart of this Amendment.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) Except to the extent specifically amended hereby, the Credit Agreement, the Loan Documents and all related documents shall remain in full force and effect. This Amendment shall constitute a Loan Document. Whenever the terms or sections amended hereby shall be referred to in the Credit Agreement, Loan Documents or such other documents (whether directly or by incorporation into other defined terms), such defined terms shall be deemed to refer to those terms or sections as amended by this Amendment.

(b) This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which, when executed and delivered, shall be an original, but all counterparts shall together constitute one instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart to this Amendment by telecopy or other electronic means shall be effective as an original and shall constitute a representation that an original will be delivered.

(c) This Amendment shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

(d) The Loan Parties agree to pay all reasonable expenses, including legal fees and disbursements incurred by the Agent in connection with this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby.

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment which shall be deemed to be a sealed instrument as of the date first above written.

BORROWER

AMERESCO, INC.

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

GUARANTORS

AMERESCO ENERTECH, INC.

AMERESCO FEDERAL SOLUTIONS, INC.

AMERESCO PLANERGY HOUSING, INC.

AMERESCO QUANTUM, INC.

AMERESCO SELECT, INC.

AMERESCOSOLUTIONS, INC.

APPLIED ENERGY GROUP INC.

SIERRA ENERGY COMPANY

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Treasurer

AMERESCO SOUTHWEST, INC.

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President and Treasurer

E.THREE CUSTOM ENERGY SOLUTIONS, LLC,

By: Sierra Energy Company, its sole member

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Treasurer

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to Third Amended Ameresco Credit and Security Agreement]

AMERESCO ASSET SUSTAINABILITY GROUP LLC
AMERESCO CT LLC
AMERESCO DELAWARE ENERGY LLC
AMERESCO EVANSVILLE, LLC
AMERESCO HAWAII LLC
AMERESCO INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS, LLC
AMERESCO LFG HOLDINGS LLC
AMERESCO PALMETTO LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR, LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR NEWBURYPORT LLC
AMERESCO STAFFORD LLC
AMERESCO WOODLAND MEADOWS ROMULUS LLC
SELDERA LLC
SOLUTIONS HOLDINGS, LLC

By: Ameresco, Inc., its sole member

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

AMERESCO SOLAR – PRODUCTS LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR – SOLUTIONS LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR – TECHNOLOGIES LLC

By: Ameresco Solar LLC, its sole member

By: Ameresco, Inc., its sole member

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to Third Amended Ameresco Credit and Security Agreement]

AGENT:

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.

By: /s/ Mollie S. Canup
Name: Mollie S. Canup
Title: Vice President

LENDERS:

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.

By: /s/ John F. Lynch
Name: John F. Lynch
Title: Senior Vice President

WEBSTER BANK, N.A.

By: /s/ Paul F. Mollica
Name: Paul F. Mollica
Title: Regional President

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1 to Third Amended Ameresco Credit and Security Agreement]

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT is dated as of May 4, 2016 (this "Amendment"), among AMERESCO, INC. (the "Borrower"), THE GUARANTORS PARTY HERETO (the "Guarantors" and collectively with the Borrower, the "Loan Parties"), THE LENDERS PARTY HERETO (the "Lenders"), and BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as administrative agent (the "Agent").

WHEREAS, the Loan Parties, the Lenders, and the Agent are parties to that certain Third Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement dated as of June 30, 2015, as heretofore amended, among the Borrower, the Guarantors, the Lenders, and the Agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Loan Parties, the Agent and the Lenders wish to revise certain provisions of the Credit Agreement, as described herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the agreements contained herein, the parties agree that the Credit Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Capitalized Terms. Except as otherwise expressly defined herein, all capitalized terms used herein which are defined in the Credit Agreement have the same meanings herein as therein, except to the extent that such meanings are amended hereby.

2. Amendment to Credit Agreement.

(a) The definition of Pro Form Basis and Pro Forma Effect in Section 1.1 is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

"Pro Forma Basis" and "Pro Forma Effect" means, for any Disposition of all or substantially all of a division or a line of business, for any Acquisition or for any Junior Restricted Payment, whether actual or proposed, for purposes of determining compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.10, and with respect to a Junior Restricted Payment pursuant to Section 9.6(d), each such transaction or proposed transaction shall be deemed to have occurred on and as of the first day of the relevant period, and the following pro forma adjustments shall be made:

(a) in the case of an actual or proposed Disposition, all income statement items (whether positive or negative) attributable to the line of business or the Person subject to such Disposition shall be excluded from the results of the Core Ameresco Companies for such period;

(b) in the case of an actual or proposed Acquisition, income statement items (whether positive or negative) attributable to the property, line of business or the Person subject to such Acquisition shall be included in the results of the Core Ameresco Companies for such period;

(c) interest accrued during the relevant period on, and the principal of, any Indebtedness repaid or to be repaid or refinanced in such transaction shall be excluded from the results of the Core Ameresco Companies for such period; and

(d) any Indebtedness actually or proposed to be incurred or assumed in such transaction shall be deemed to have been incurred as of the first day of the applicable period, and interest thereon shall be deemed to have accrued from such day on such Indebtedness at the applicable rates provided therefor (and in the case of interest that does or would accrue at a formula or floating rate, at the rate in effect at the time of determination) and shall be included in the results of the Core Ameresco Companies for such period.

(b) Section 9.6 of the Credit Agreement is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

9.6 Restricted Junior Payments. The Loan Parties will not declare or make any Restricted Junior Payment at any time; provided, however, that

(a) any Subsidiary of any Core Ameresco Company may make Restricted Junior Payments to such Core Ameresco Company and any Subsidiary of the Borrower may make Restricted Junior Payments to the Borrower;

(b) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing and no Default or Event of Default shall be caused thereby, the Borrower may redeem or purchase the capital stock or Equity Rights of any employee, officer or director of any Loan Party for aggregate cash consideration not to exceed \$1,000,000 in any fiscal year;

(c) so long as no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing and no Default or Event of Default shall be caused thereby, the Borrower may declare and pay cash dividends, provided, that (i) such payments shall be made only during the period commencing not earlier than 10 days after and ending not later than 90 days after, the date of delivery of the quarterly financial statements for the previous fiscal quarter required to be delivered by the Loan Parties pursuant to Section 8.1(a) or 8.1(b) hereof, together with the Compliance Certificate required to be delivered pursuant to Section 8.1(c) hereof, and (ii) the Loan Parties shall have delivered to the Agent evidence that after giving effect to such payment, the Loan Parties (A) would have been in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.10 for the period of four fiscal quarters ended immediately before such payment if such payment had been made during such four fiscal quarters, and (B) shall be in projected pro-forma compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.10 hereof for the period of four fiscal quarters occurring immediately after such payment;

(d) the Borrower may make repurchases of its Equity Interests in an aggregate amount under this paragraph (d) up to \$10,000,000 so long as immediately before and immediately after such repurchase on a Pro Forma Basis, incorporating such pro-forma assumptions as are satisfactory to the Agent in its reasonable discretion, (i) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, and (ii) (A) the Loan Parties shall be in compliance with the financial covenant set forth in Section 9.10(b), (B) the Core

Leverage Ratio shall not exceed 1.5 to 1.00, and (C) the sum of unrestricted cash plus the amount of the Revolving Commitment available to be borrowed under Section 2.1 shall not be less than \$25,000,000; and

(e) so long as no Default under Section 10.1(a)(ii) or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing and no Event of Default shall be caused thereby, the Loan Parties may make regularly scheduled payments of interest but no principal in respect of Subordinated Indebtedness on the dates and in the amounts set forth in the applicable Subordinated Debt Documents.

3. Confirmation of Guaranty by Guarantors. Each Guarantor hereby confirms and agrees that all indebtedness, obligations or liability of the Borrower under the Credit Agreement as amended hereby, whether any such indebtedness, obligations and liabilities are now existing or hereafter arising, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, or direct or indirect, constitute "Guaranteed Obligations" under and as defined in the Credit Agreement and, subject to the limitation set forth in Section 4.1 of the Credit Agreement, are guaranteed by and entitled to the benefits of the Guaranty set forth in Article 4 of the Credit Agreement. Each Guarantor hereby ratifies and confirms the terms and provisions of such Guarantor's Guaranty and agrees that all of such terms and provisions remain in full force and effect.

4. Confirmation of Security Interests. Each Loan Party (other than the Special Guarantors) hereby confirms and agrees that all indebtedness, obligations and liabilities of the Loan Parties under the Credit Agreement as amended hereby, whether any such indebtedness, obligations and liabilities are now existing or hereafter arising, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, or direct or indirect, constitute "Secured Obligations" under and as defined in the Credit Agreement and are secured by the Collateral and entitled to the benefits of the grant of security interests pursuant to Article 5 of the Credit Agreement. The Loan Parties (other than the Special Guarantors) hereby ratify and confirm the terms and provisions of Article 5 of the Credit Agreement and agree that, after giving effect to this Amendment, all of such terms and provisions remain in full force and effect.

5. No Default; Representations and Warranties, etc. The Loan Parties hereby confirm that, after giving effect to this Amendment, (i) the representations and warranties of the Loan Parties contained in Article 6 of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents (A) that contain a materiality qualification are true and correct on and as of the date hereof as if made on such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate to an earlier date), and (B) that do not contain a materiality qualification are true and correct in all material respects on and as of the date hereof as if made on such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate to an earlier date), and (ii) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing. Each Loan Party hereby further represents and warrants that (a) the execution, delivery and performance by such Loan Party of this Amendment (i) have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of such Loan Party, (ii) will not violate any applicable law or regulation or the organizational documents of such Loan Party, (iii) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding on such Loan Party or any of its assets that will have a Material Adverse Effect, and (iv) do not require any consent, waiver, approval, authorization or order of, or filing, registration or qualification with, any court or governmental authority or any Person (other than the Agent and

the Lenders) which has not been made or obtained; and (b) it has duly executed and delivered this Amendment.

6 . Conditions to Effectiveness. This Amendment shall become effective upon the receipt by the Agent of counterparts of this Amendment duly executed by each of the parties hereto or written evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Agent that each of the parties hereto has signed a counterpart of this Amendment.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) Except to the extent specifically amended hereby, the Credit Agreement, the Loan Documents and all related documents shall remain in full force and effect. This Amendment shall constitute a Loan Document. Whenever the terms or sections amended hereby shall be referred to in the Credit Agreement, Loan Documents or such other documents (whether directly or by incorporation into other defined terms), such defined terms shall be deemed to refer to those terms or sections as amended by this Amendment.

(b) This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which, when executed and delivered, shall be an original, but all counterparts shall together constitute one instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart to this Amendment by telecopy or other electronic means shall be effective as an original and shall constitute a representation that an original will be delivered.

(c) This Amendment shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

(d) The Loan Parties agree to pay all reasonable expenses, including legal fees and disbursements incurred by the Agent in connection with this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby.

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment which shall be deemed to be a sealed instrument as of the date first above written.

BORROWER

AMERESCO, INC.

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

GUARANTORS

AMERESCO ENERTECH, INC.

AMERESCO FEDERAL SOLUTIONS, INC.

AMERESCO PLANERGY HOUSING, INC.

AMERESCO QUANTUM, INC.

AMERESCO SELECT, INC.

AMERESCOSOLUTIONS, INC.

APPLIED ENERGY GROUP INC.

SIERRA ENERGY COMPANY

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Treasurer

AMERESCO SOUTHWEST, INC.

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President and Treasurer

E.THREE CUSTOM ENERGY SOLUTIONS, LLC,

By: Sierra Energy Company, its sole member

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Treasurer

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 2 to Third Amended Ameresco Credit and Security Agreement]

AMERESCO ASSET SUSTAINABILITY GROUP LLC
AMERESCO CT LLC
AMERESCO DELAWARE ENERGY LLC
AMERESCO EVANSVILLE, LLC
AMERESCO HAWAII LLC
AMERESCO INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS, LLC
AMERESCO LFG HOLDINGS LLC
AMERESCO PALMETTO LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR, LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR NEWBURYPORT LLC
AMERESCO STAFFORD LLC
AMERESCO WOODLAND MEADOWS ROMULUS LLC
SELDERA LLC
SOLUTIONS HOLDINGS, LLC

By: Ameresco, Inc., its sole member

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

AMERESCO SOLAR – PRODUCTS LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR – SOLUTIONS LLC
AMERESCO SOLAR – TECHNOLOGIES LLC

By: Ameresco Solar LLC, its sole member

By: Ameresco, Inc., its sole member

By: /s/ John R. Granara, III

Name: John R. Granara, III

Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 2 to Third Amended Ameresco Credit and Security Agreement]

AGENT:

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.

By: /s/ Darlene R DiGrazia
Name: Darlene R DiGrazia
Title: Vice President

LENDERS:

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.

By: /s/ John F. Lynch
Name: John F. Lynch
Title: Senior Vice President

WEBSTER BANK, N.A.

By: /s/ Ann M. Mead
Name: Ann M. Mead
Title: Senior Vice President

SEVENTH AMENDMENT TO LEASE

THIS SEVENTH AMENDMENT TO LEASE (this "Amendment") is entered into as of May 6, 2016, by and between THE REALTY ASSOCIATES FUND X, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Landlord"), as successor in interest to BCIA New England Holdings LLC ("BCIA"), and AMERESCO, INC., a Delaware corporation ("Tenant").

Recitals

A. Reference is made to that certain lease dated as of November 20, 2000 (the "Original Lease") between BCIA, as landlord, and Tenant, as tenant, with respect to a portion of the building (the "Building") located at 111 Speen Street, Framingham, Massachusetts, which portion originally consisted of approximately 11,684 rentable square feet (the "Original Premises") on the fourth floor. BCIA and Tenant subsequently entered into (i) a First Amendment to Lease dated as of November 30, 2001, and (ii) a Second Amendment to Lease and Expansion Agreement dated April 8, 2005.

B. RREEF America REIT III-Z1 LLC ("RREEF") succeeded to the interests of BCIA as the Landlord under the Lease. RREEF and Tenant entered into (i) a Third Amendment to Lease and Expansion Agreement dated April 17, 2007, (ii) a Fourth Amendment to Lease dated January 1, 2010, and (iii) a Fifth Amendment to Lease dated August 31, 2011.

C. 111 MPA LLC ("MPA") succeeded to the interests of RREEF as landlord under the Lease. MPA and Tenant entered into a Sixth Amendment to Lease dated June 18, 2013. The Original Lease, as amended by the aforementioned six amendments, is referred to as the "Lease." The Original Premises have been altered and enlarged and now contain approximately 23,003 rentable square feet of space on the fourth floor of the Building (the "Current Premises").

D. Landlord has succeeded to all of MPA's right, title and interest in and to the Property and the Lease.

E. Landlord and Tenant now desire to again increase the size of the Premises as of July 1, 2016, by adding thereto approximately 3,356 rentable square feet, as depicted on Exhibit A-1 attached hereto ("New Premises I"), and to make such other changes as provided herein.

F. Landlord and Tenant also desire to further increase the size of the Premises (subject to the terms set forth herein) by adding thereto approximately 1,097 rentable square feet, also as depicted on Exhibit A-1 attached hereto ("New Premises II"), and to make such other changes as provided herein.

Agreements

NOW THEREFORE, for valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby mutually acknowledged, Landlord and Tenant hereby agree as follows:

1. Capitalized Terms. Each capitalized term appearing but not defined herein shall have the meaning, if any, ascribed to such term in the Lease.

2. Recitals; Term. The recitals above set forth are true and complete and are incorporated herein by reference. The Term of the Lease commenced on January 1, 2001 and is currently scheduled to expire on June 30, 2017. The Term of the Lease is hereby extended to expire at 11:59 PM, Boston time, on June 30, 2025, unless sooner terminated as is otherwise provided in the Lease. Except as set forth in this Amendment, Tenant shall have no right or option to extend or renew the Term beyond June 30, 2025.

3. Basic Rent; Additional Rent; Defined Terms. (a) With respect to the Current Premises, Tenant shall continue to pay Annual Rent and all Additional Rent as is currently provided in the Lease through June 30, 2017.

(b) From and after July 1, 2017, and with respect to the Current Premises, Tenant shall pay Basic Rent according to the following schedule:

Period	Annual Basic <u>Rent/RSF</u>	<u>Annual Basic Rent</u>	<u>Monthly Payment</u>
7/1/17 - 6/30/18*	\$29.25	\$672,837.75*	\$56,069.81*
7/1/18 - 6/30/19	\$30.00	\$690,090.00	\$57,507.50
7/1/19 - 6/30/20	\$30.75	\$707,342.25	\$58,945.19
7/1/20 - 6/30/21	\$31.50	\$724,594.50	\$60,382.88
7/1/21 - 6/30/22	\$32.25	\$741,846.75	\$61,820.56
7/1/22 - 6/30/23	\$33.00	\$759,099.00	\$63,258.25
7/1/23 - 6/30/24	\$33.75	\$776,351.25	\$64,695.94
7/1/24 - 6/30/25	\$34.50	\$793,603.50	\$66,133.63

* Notwithstanding the foregoing, so long as no Default of Tenant (nor any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice, the passage of time or the expiration of all cure rights permitted, would constitute a Default of Tenant), Landlord will waive the requirement that Tenant pay Annual Basic Rent on the Current Premises for the month of July, 2017.

(c) In addition to the above amounts, from and after the First Expansion Commencement Date, and with respect to New Premises I, Tenant shall pay Basic Rent according to the following schedule:

Period	Annual Basic <u>Rent/RSF</u>	<u>Annual Basic Rent</u>	<u>Monthly Payment</u>
First Exp. Comm. Date - 6/30/17*	\$29.25	\$98,163.00*	\$8,180.25*

7/1/17 - 6/30/18	\$29.25	\$98,163.00	\$8,180.25
7/1/18 - 6/30/19	\$30.00	\$100,680.00	\$8,390.00
7/1/19 - 6/30/20	\$30.75	\$103,197.00	\$8,599.75
7/1/20 - 6/30/21	\$31.50	\$105,714.00	\$8,809.00
7/1/21 - 6/30/22	\$32.25	\$108,231.00	\$9,019.25
7/1/22 - 6/30/23	\$33.00	\$110,748.00	\$9,229.00
7/1/23 - 6/30/24	\$33.75	\$113,265.00	\$9,438.75
7/1/24 - 6/30/25	\$34.50	\$115,782.00	\$9,648.50

* Notwithstanding the foregoing, so long as no Default of Tenant (nor any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice, the passage of time, or the expiration of all cure rights permitted, would constitute a Default of Tenant), Landlord will waive the requirement that Tenant pay Annual Basic Rent on New Premises I for the first thirty (30) days following the First Expansion Commencement Date.

(d) In addition to the above amounts, from and after the Second Expansion Commencement Date, and with respect to New Premises II, Tenant shall pay Basic Rent according to the following schedule:

Period	Annual Basic Rent/RSF	Annual Basic Rent	Monthly Payment
Second Exp. Comm. Date - 6/30/18*	\$29.25	\$32,087.25	\$2,673.94
7/1/18 - 6/30/19	\$30.00	\$32,910.00	\$2,742.50
7/1/19 - 6/30/20	\$30.75	\$33,732.75	\$2,811.06
7/1/20 - 6/30/21	\$31.50	\$34,555.50	\$2,879.63
7/1/21 - 6/30/22	\$32.25	\$35,378.25	\$2,948.19
7/1/22 - 6/30/23	\$33.00	\$36,201.00	\$3,016.75
7/1/23 - 6/30/24	\$33.75	\$37,023.75	\$3,085.31
7/1/24 - 6/30/25	\$34.50	\$37,846.50	\$3,153.88

* Notwithstanding the foregoing, so long as no Default of Tenant (nor any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice, the passage of time or the expiration of all cure rights permitted, would constitute a Default of Tenant), Landlord will waive the requirement that Tenant pay Annual Basic Rent on New Premises II for the first thirty (30) days following the Second Expansion Commencement Date.

(e) Effective (i) on the First Expansion Commencement Date, and as to New Premises I, and (ii) on July 1, 2017 as to the Current Premises, the definition of "Base Year for Operating Expenses" shall be calendar year 2016.

(f) Effective on the Second Expansion Commencement Date, and as to New Premises II only, the definition of "Base Year for Operating Expenses" shall be calendar year 2017.

(g) Effective (i) on the First Expansion Commencement Date as to New Premises I, and (ii) on July 1, 2017 as to the Current Premises, and (iii) on the Second Expansion

Commencement Date as to New Premises II, the definition of “Base Year for Taxes” shall be the twelve-month period beginning July 1, 2017 (Fiscal 2017).

(h) (i) Commencing on the First Expansion Commencement Date, the “Tenant’s Proportionate Share” with respect to New Premises I shall be 3.11%, which shall be added to the Tenant’s Proportionate Share for the Current Premises.

(ii) Commencing on the Second Expansion Commencement Date, the “Tenant’s Proportionate Share” with respect to New Premises II shall be 1.02%, which shall be added to the Tenant’s Proportionate Share for the Current Premises and New Premises I.

(i) The use of electricity in the Current Premises is measured by a “check-meter” and the cost of electricity used in the Current Premises is paid by Tenant to Landlord based on such usage. Commencing on the First Access Date, and in addition to the Annual Basic Rent and all other additional rent, with respect to New Premises I, Tenant will pay an electricity charge to Landlord of \$5,873.00 (\$1.75 per rentable square foot of New Premises I) per annum to cover the cost of “convenience electricity” (excluding HVAC) provided to New Premises I. Such amount may be adjusted by written notice from Landlord from time to time (but not more than once in any twelve-month period) to reflect any changes in the cost of electricity paid by Landlord. Commencing on the Second Access Date, and in addition to the Annual Basic Rent and all other additional rent, with respect to New Premises II, Tenant will pay an electricity charge to Landlord of \$1,919.75 (\$1.75 per rentable square foot of New Premises II) per annum to cover the cost of such convenience electricity provided to New Premises II. Such amount may be adjusted by written notice from Landlord from time to time (but not more than once in any twelve-month period) to reflect any changes in the cost of electricity paid by Landlord.

(j) Effective only from and after the First Expansion Commencement Date, the Lease definition of “Premises” in the Lease shall be increased to include both the Current Premises and New Premises I, and the definition of “Premises Rentable Area” shall be increased to 26,359 rentable square feet.

(k) Effective only from and after the Second Expansion Commencement Date, the Lease definition of “Premises” in the Lease shall be increased to include the Current Premises, New Premises I and New Premises II, and the definition of “Premises Rentable Area” shall be increased to 27,456 rentable square feet.

4. (a) New Premises I; Delivery; Condition. New Premises I contains approximately 3,356 rentable square feet of space on the third floor of the Building, and is shown on Exhibit A-1 attached hereto and made a part hereof. Effective from and after the First Expansion Commencement Date, New Premises I shall be a part of the Premises demised under the Lease for all purposes. The “First Expansion Commencement Date” will be the first to occur of (i) ninety (90) days following the date on which possession of New Premises I is tendered to Tenant for the performance of Tenant’s Work (the “First Access Date”), and (ii) substantial completion of Tenant’s New Premises I Work, and (iii) the date on which Tenant commences use of New Premises I for the conduct of Tenant’s business. Upon the occurrence of the First Expansion Commencement Date, each party shall enter into a letter agreement

substantially in the form of Exhibit B-1 hereto, confirming the First Expansion Commencement Date. The failure of either party to enter into such a letter agreement shall have no effect on the occurrence of the First Expansion Commencement Date as provided herein. All terms and conditions of the Lease will apply to New Premises I from and after the First Access Date, including without limitation all insurance and indemnification obligations, except that Tenant shall not be required to pay Basic Rent or additional rent with respect to New Premises I prior to the First Expansion Commencement Date.

(b) New Premises II; Delivery; Condition. (1) New Premises II contains approximately 1,097 rentable square feet of space on the third floor of the Building, and is shown on Exhibit A-2 attached hereto and made a part hereof. Effective from and after the Second Expansion Commencement Date, New Premises II shall be a part of the Premises demised under the Lease for all purposes. The "Second Expansion Commencement Date II" will be the first to occur of (i) ninety (90) days following the date on which possession of New Premises II is tendered to Tenant for the performance of Tenant's Work (the "Second Access Date"), and (ii) substantial completion of Tenant's New Premises II Work, and (iii) the date on which Tenant commences use of New Premises II for the conduct of Tenant's business. Landlord currently anticipates that Landlord will be able to tender possession of New Premises II to Tenant between July, 2016 and February, 2017, but such estimated date is not binding on Landlord, and Landlord may tender possession of New Premises II before or after such estimated time period, and Landlord shall have no liability for failure to tender possession of New Premises II on any specific date. Upon the occurrence of the Second Expansion Commencement Date, each party shall enter into a letter agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit B-1 hereto confirming the Second Expansion Commencement Date. The failure of either party to enter into such a letter agreement shall have no effect on the occurrence of the Second Expansion Commencement Date as provided herein. All terms and conditions of the Lease will apply to New Premises II from and after the Second Access Date, including without limitation all insurance and indemnification obligations, except that Tenant shall not be required to pay Basic Rent or additional rent with respect to New Premises II prior to the Second Expansion Commencement Date.

(c) Each New Premises is being leased in its then condition **AS IS WITHOUT REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY** by Landlord. Tenant acknowledges and agrees that Tenant shall be solely responsible for any work done in the New Premises to make the same suitable for Tenant's occupancy, including without limitation telephone/data cabling or infrastructure, floor coring, any furniture, any security system and any other changes with respect to the New Premises (it being understood that all such work shall be subject to Landlord's prior approval and to the terms and conditions of the Lease, including without limitation Section 5.2 thereof). Tenant acknowledges that it has visually inspected the New Premises and currently occupies the Current Premises, and is reasonably familiar with the common areas of the Building and has found all of the same visually satisfactory. Landlord is not required to complete any other work with respect to the New Premises, and Landlord shall not be required to provide to Tenant any allowance or reimbursement for the cost of any work or repairs to be undertaken by Tenant except as provided below.

(d) Landlord acknowledges that Tenant may desire to make certain alterations or improvements in New Premises I and the Current Premises to make the same more suitable for Tenant's occupancy or continued occupancy, as the case may be (collectively, the "First Tenant Improvements"), which may include, without limitation design and construction of leasehold improvements and wiring and infrastructure for Tenant's furniture systems. The First Tenant Improvements shall be undertaken by Tenant in accordance with the Lease, including without limitation Section 5.2 thereof, and in accordance with plans and specifications approved in advance by Landlord as provided in said Section 5.2. The First Tenant Improvements shall be deemed substantially complete on that date on which the First Tenant Improvements have been completed except for items of work (and, if applicable, adjustment of equipment and fixtures) which can be completed without causing undue interference with Tenant's use of the Premises. To the extent that (i) such work is substantially completed in accordance with such requirements, and (ii) received invoices (and other material required under this Lease or reasonably required by Landlord such as, but not limited to, final lien waivers from any contractor or subcontractor performing the Tenant Improvements) showing the actual cost thereof are presented to Landlord, within eighteen (18) months after the date hereof, and (iii) at the time of any advance of funds, there then exists no Default of Tenant under the Lease, nor any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice or the passage of time, or both, would constitute a Default of Tenant, Landlord shall reimburse Tenant, within thirty (30) days after receipt of such invoices and supporting material, for costs actually incurred by Tenant, as evidenced by such invoices, in connection with the construction of the Tenant Improvements, but in no event shall Landlord be obligated to reimburse Tenant more than the lesser of (x) such actual cost, or (y) Six Hundred Fifty-eight Thousand Nine Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$658,975.00) (the "Landlord's First Allowance"). Landlord agrees that Tenant may use up to forty-percent (40%) of the total Landlord's First Allowance expended by Tenant for furniture, fixtures and equipment to be placed in the Premises; otherwise, no portion of the Landlord's First Allowance may be applied to costs of purchasing or installing any furniture, equipment or trade fixtures. To the extent that Tenant has not substantially completed the First Tenant Improvements and requested disbursement of the Landlord's First Allowance within eighteen (18) months after the date hereof, Landlord shall have no further obligation to reimburse Tenant for any such costs incurred by Tenant.

(e) Landlord further acknowledges that Tenant may desire to make certain alterations or improvements in New Premises II (the "Second Tenant Improvements"). The Second Tenant Improvements shall be deemed substantially complete on that date on which the Second Tenant Improvements have been completed except for items of work (and, if applicable, adjustment of equipment and fixtures) which can be completed without causing undue interference with Tenant's use of the Premises (including without limitation New Premises II). To the extent that (i) the Second Tenant Improvements are substantially completed in accordance with such requirements, and (ii) received invoices (and other material required under this Lease or reasonably required by Landlord such as, but not limited to, final lien waivers from any contractor or subcontractor performing the Second Tenant Improvements) showing the actual cost thereof are presented to Landlord, within eighteen (18) months after the date hereof, and (iii) at the time of any advance of funds, there then exists no Default of Tenant under the Lease, nor any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice or the passage of time, or both, would constitute a Default of Tenant, Landlord shall

reimburse Tenant, within thirty (30) days after receipt of such invoices and supporting material, for costs actually incurred by Tenant, as evidenced by such invoices, in connection with the construction of the Tenant Improvements, but in no event shall Landlord be obligated to reimburse Tenant more than the lesser of (x) such actual cost, or (y) Twenty Seven Thousand Four Hundred Twenty-five Dollars (\$27,425.00) (the "Landlord's Second Allowance"). Landlord agrees that Tenant may use up to forty-percent (40%) of the total Landlord's Second Allowance expended by Tenant for furniture, fixtures and equipment to be placed in the Premises; otherwise, no portion of the Landlord's Second Allowance may be applied to costs of purchasing or installing any furniture, equipment or trade fixtures. To the extent that Tenant has not substantially completed the Second Tenant Improvements and requested disbursement of the Landlord's Second Allowance within eighteen (18) months after the date thereof, Landlord shall have no further obligation to reimburse Tenant for any such costs incurred by Tenant.

(f) (1) If Tenant expends the entire Landlord's First Allowance on the First Tenant Improvements as provided in paragraph (d) above and Tenant desires to perform additional leasehold improvements in the Premises, Tenant will so notify Landlord, and Landlord will provide an additional allowance (the "Landlord's First Additional Allowance") equal to the lesser of (i) the actual cost of such further work, or (ii) Three Hundred Ninety-five Thousand Three Hundred Eighty-five Dollars (\$395,385.00), all upon satisfaction of the same requirements and conditions as are described above. No portion of the Landlord's First Additional Allowance may be applied to costs of purchasing or installing any furniture, equipment or trade fixtures. To the extent that Tenant has not substantially completed the Tenant Improvements and requested disbursement of the Landlord's First Additional Allowance within eighteen (18) months after the date hereof, Landlord shall have no further obligation to reimburse Tenant for any such costs incurred by Tenant. If Tenant requests that Landlord advance any or all of the Landlord's First Additional Allowance, then commencing on the first day of the calendar month following the disbursement of the Landlord's First Additional Allowance, each monthly payment of Basic Rent thereafter payable by Tenant over the then-remainder of the Term will be increased by an amount sufficient to repay the principal amount of Landlord's First Additional Allowance so advanced, with interest thereon at eight percent (8%) per annum, on a direct reduction basis with equal monthly payments.

(2) If Tenant expends the entire Landlord's Second Allowance on the Second Tenant Improvements as provided in paragraph (e) above and Tenant desires to perform additional leasehold improvements in the New Premises II, Tenant will so notify Landlord, and Landlord will provide an additional allowance (the "Landlord's Second Additional Allowance") equal to the lesser of (i) the actual cost of such further work, or (ii) Sixteen Thousand Four Hundred Fifty-five Dollars (\$16,455.00), all upon satisfaction of the same requirements and conditions as are described above. No portion of the Landlord's Second Additional Allowance may be applied to costs of purchasing or installing any furniture, equipment or trade fixtures. To the extent that Tenant has not substantially completed the Tenant Second Improvements and requested disbursement of the Landlord's Second Additional Allowance within eighteen (18) months after the

date hereof, Landlord shall have no further obligation to reimburse Tenant for any such costs incurred by Tenant. If Tenant requests that Landlord advance any or all of the Landlord's Second Additional Allowance, then commencing on the first day of the calendar month following the disbursement of the Landlord's Second Additional Allowance, each monthly payment of Basic Rent thereafter payable by Tenant over the then-remainder of the Term will be increased by an amount sufficient to repay the principal amount of Landlord's Second Additional Allowance so advanced, with interest thereon at eight percent (8%) per annum, on a direct reduction basis with equal monthly payments.

Landlord has previously paid to Tenant's architect a contribution of \$2,636.00 (" Landlord's First Plan Allowance") toward the cost of preparing the Tenant's plans for the First Tenant Improvements. Further, Landlord will provide a contribution ("Landlord's Second Plan Allowance") toward the cost of preparing plans and specifications for Second Tenant's Improvements, which shall be equal to the lesser of (i) the actual cost of preparing such plans and specifications, or (ii) One Hundred Nine and 70/100 Dollars (\$109.70). The Landlord's Second Plan Allowance will be advanced when such plans and specifications have been approved by Landlord as required under the Lease and Tenant has submitted a receipted invoice from Tenant's architect or engineer reflecting such costs. No portion of Landlord's First or Second Allowance, Landlord's First or Second Additional Allowance or Landlord's First or Second Plan Allowance will be applied to or used for payment of Basic Rent or other costs of Tenant not specifically provided for above.

5. Rights to Lease Other Space. (a) Subject to the terms hereof, if (i) during the Term of this Lease there exists no Default of Tenant under the Lease (or any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice or the passage of time, and the expiration of all cure rights permitted, would constitute a Default of Tenant), and (ii) Tenant shall not have assigned the Lease or sublet all or any portion of the Premises, and then actually occupies the entire Premises, and (iii) the Lease is still in full force and effect and at least three (3) years remain on the Term of the Lease (any and all of which conditions are for the benefit of, and may be waived by, Landlord), and (iv) Landlord desires to lease all or a portion of the space on the third floor of the Building (the "First Offer Space"), then Landlord shall so notify Tenant (the "ROFO Notice", and deliver with such ROFO Notice a description of that portion (if less than all) of the First Offer Space that Landlord proposes to lease (the "Offered Space") and all of the material terms and conditions on which Landlord is willing to so lease the Offered Space to Tenant (including without limitation the rent, any allowances and the rentable square footage of the Offered Space). Landlord shall not be required to give any such ROFO Notice, and Tenant shall have no rights hereunder, with respect to any space for which Tenant was given a ROFR Notice under paragraph (b) below. Tenant shall have a one-time right, which Tenant may exercise by giving Landlord notice within seven (7) days after Landlord's ROFO Notice, to irrevocably elect to lease the Offered Space on the terms and conditions set forth in Landlord's ROFO Notice. If Tenant shall so elect to lease the Offered Space (and provided that the conditions in clauses (i) through (iii) above continue to exist at the time of execution of such lease or amendment), Landlord shall furnish a commercially reasonable draft lease or lease amendment incorporating such terms and conditions set forth in Landlord's ROFO Notice, and Tenant shall, within ten (10) days after receipt of such lease or amendment,

execute and deliver the same to Landlord. Once Tenant has elected to lease any Offered Space, Tenant's failure to execute and deliver such a lease or amendment shall have no effect on Tenant's obligation to lease the Offered Space, unless Landlord shall elect to nullify Tenant's election as a result of such failure. If Tenant shall fail to elect to lease any Offered Space within such 7-day period as provided herein (time being of the essence), Tenant shall have no further rights with respect to the First Offer Space (or any portion thereof) described in the specific ROFO Notice, and Landlord shall thereafter be free to lease any or all of the First Offer Space to such party or parties, on such terms as Landlord may from time to time determine. For the purposes hereof, the term "lease," as used in the first sentence of this section shall not include any lease to a then existing tenant of the First Offer Space (or any sublessee or assignee then in possession), including without limitation any extension or replacement of an existing lease or sublease, nor shall the same include any lease to another tenant in the Building having an option to expand, a first right to lease or a right of first refusal affecting or covering the First Offer Space (or the portion thereof in question).

(b) Subject to the terms hereof, if (i) during the Term of the Lease there exists no Default of Tenant hereunder (or any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice or the passage of time, and the expiration of all cure rights permitted, would constitute a Default of Tenant), and (ii) Tenant shall not have assigned the Lease or sublet all or any portion of the Premises, and then actually occupies the entire Premises, and (iii) the Lease is still in full force and effect and at least three (3) years remain in the Term (any and all of which conditions are for the benefit of, and may be waived by, Landlord), and (iv) Landlord shall receive a bona fide offer (the "Lease Offer") from a third party (other than a party described in the last sentence of paragraph (a) above) to lease all or a portion of the space on the third floor of the Building (the "ROFR Space"), which Lease Offer Landlord then desires to accept, Landlord shall give Tenant notice (a "ROFR Notice") of such Lease Offer. Tenant shall have a right of first refusal with respect to the ROFR Space specified therein on the same terms and conditions as are set forth in the Lease Offer. Landlord shall not be required to give Tenant a ROFR Notice, and Tenant shall have no rights hereunder, with respect to any space that was offered to Tenant under paragraph (a) above within the preceding twelve-month period. Tenant shall notify Landlord ("Tenant's ROFR Acceptance Notice") within the ten (10) days after the ROFR Notice if Tenant elects to lease the ROFR Space on the terms set forth in the ROFR Notice. If Tenant shall so elect to lease the ROFR Space (and provided that the conditions in clauses (i) through (iii) above continue to exist at the time of execution of such lease or amendment), Landlord shall furnish a commercially reasonable draft lease or lease amendment incorporating such terms and conditions set forth in the ROFR Notice, and Tenant shall, within ten (10) days after receipt of such lease or amendment, execute and deliver the same to Landlord. Once Tenant has elected to lease any ROFR Space, Tenant's failure to execute and deliver such a lease or amendment shall have no effect on Tenant's obligation to lease the ROFR Space, unless Landlord shall elect to nullify Tenant's election as a result of such failure. If Tenant does not timely elect to lease the ROFR Space as set forth above, then Tenant shall have no further rights with respect to the ROFR Space referenced in the specific ROFR Notice and Landlord shall have the right to enter into a lease substantially consistent with the Lease Offer.

(c) Tenant shall have no right or option to lease additional space in the Building except as expressly set forth above in this Section 5. In addition, the "Right of First Offer to Purchase" set forth in Section 13 of the Fourth Amendment to Lease is agreed to be void and without any further force or effect.

6. Option to Extend. (a) Subject to the terms hereof, if (i) during the Term of the Lease there exists no Default of Tenant hereunder (or any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice or the passage of time, and the expiration of all cure rights permitted, would constitute a Default of Tenant), and (ii) Tenant shall not have assigned the Lease or sublet all or any portion of the Premises, and then actually occupies the entire Premises, and (iii) the Lease is still in full force and effect (any and all of which conditions are for the benefit of, and may be waived by, Landlord), Tenant shall have the right to extend the Term of this Lease for one extended term (the "Extended Term") of five (5) years. The Extended Term shall commence on July 1, 2025, and shall end at 11:59 p.m., Boston time, on June 30, 2030. Tenant shall exercise such option to extend by giving written notice to Landlord not later than June 30, 2024. The giving of such notice by Tenant shall automatically and irrevocably extend the Term of the Lease for the Extended Term, and no instrument of renewal need be executed. In the event that Tenant fails to give such notice to Landlord, the Lease shall automatically terminate on June 30, 2025, and Tenant shall have no further option to extend the Term of this Lease, it being agreed that time shall be of the essence in the giving of such notice. The Extended Term shall be on all the terms and conditions of this Lease, except that the Annual Basic Rent for the Extended Term shall be determined pursuant to paragraph (b) hereof.

(b) The Annual Basic Rent for the first year of the Extended Term shall be the Fair Market Rental Value of the Premises (exclusive of the cost of supplying Tenant electricity), to be established as of the commencement of the Extended Term (the "Determination Date"). The term "Fair Market Rental Value" shall mean the annual fixed rent that a willing tenant would pay and a willing landlord would accept, each acting in its own best interest and without duress, in an arms-length lease of the Premises as of the Determination Date. For purposes of determining the Fair Market Rental Value, during the Extended Term, the Tenant's Share of Operating Expenses and Taxes shall be computed using updated base years, consistent with then-prevailing market practices. If Landlord and Tenant shall fail to agree upon the Fair Market Rental Value within six (6) months before the Determination Date, then Landlord and Tenant each shall give notice (the "Determination Notice") to the other setting forth their respective determinations of the Fair Market Rental Value, and, subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) below, either party may apply to the then president of the Real Estate Finance Association of the Greater Boston Real Estate Board, or any successor thereto, for the designation of an arbitrator satisfactory to both parties to render a final determination of the Fair Market Rental Value. That there shall be only one arbitrator, who shall have had at least ten (10) years' experience as a real estate broker or appraiser in the Natick/Speen Street/Route 30 office rental market. The arbitrator shall conduct such hearings and investigations as the arbitrator shall deem appropriate and shall, within thirty (30) days after having been appointed, choose one of the determinations set forth in either Landlord's or Tenant's Determination Notice, and that choice by the arbitrator shall be binding upon Landlord and Tenant. Each party shall pay its own counsel fees and expenses, if any, in connection with any arbitration under this paragraph (b), and the parties shall share equally all other expenses and fees of any

such arbitration. The determination rendered in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph (b) shall be final and binding in fixing the Fair Market Rental Value. The arbitrator shall not have the power to add to, modify, or change any of the provisions of this Lease.

(c) In the event that the lower of the two determination of the Fair Market Rental Value is greater than ninety-five percent (95%) of the higher determination, then the Fair Market Rental Value shall not be determined by arbitration, but shall instead be set by taking the average of the determinations set forth in Landlord's and Tenant's Determination Notices. Only if the lower determination is ninety-five percent (95%) or less of the higher determination shall the actual determination of Fair Market Rental Value be made by an arbitrator as set forth in paragraph (b) above.

(d) If for any reason the Fair Market Rental Value shall not have been determined prior to the Determination Date, then, until the Fair Market Rental Value and, accordingly, the Annual Basic Rent, shall have been finally determined, Tenant shall pay Annual Basic Rent at the rate quoted by Landlord in Landlord's Determination Notice. Upon final determination of the Fair Market Rental Value, an appropriate adjustment to the Annual Basic Rent theretofore paid by Tenant from and after the Determination Date shall be made reflecting such final determination, and Landlord or Tenant, as the case may be, shall promptly credit or pay, respectively, to the other any overpayment of deficiency, as the case may be, in the payment of Annual Basic Rent from the Determination Date to the date of such final determination. In no event, however, will the Annual Basic Rent for any year of the Extended Term be less than the Annual Basic Rent in effect on June 30, 2025. Following the determination of the Annual Basic Rent, if either party so desires, Landlord will prepare a reasonable confirmatory agreement to reflect the terms and conditions for the Extended Term, but the lack of any such confirmatory agreement will have no effect on the Tenant's timely exercise of its rights hereunder or on the terms and conditions provided herein.

7. Building Services. For so long as Tenant actually occupies the Premises hereunder, Landlord will continue to operate the Building in a manner (and at a level of service) reasonably consistent with other comparable suburban "Class A" office buildings in the Metrowest office rental market, including but not limited to food service, maintenance and cleaning services.

8. Parking. As provided in the Lease, three (3) of Tenant's Share of Parking Spaces are located in the parking garage on the Property, and (notwithstanding any provision of the Lease to the contrary) have been designated for Tenant's use. As of the date hereof, Tenant's garage spaces are Nos. 3, 4 and 5. Effective from and after the Second Expansion Commencement Date II, Tenant shall be provided (subject to the Rules and Regulations) the right to use one (1) additional designated Parking Space (which is expected to be space No. 6) inside the parking garage on the Property. Landlord shall be under no obligation to monitor or enforce the use of the designated spaces, and Landlord shall have the right to re-assign or relocate any or all of Tenant's designated spaces within the garage from time to time.

9. Notices. For purposes of Section 15.11 of the Lease, Landlord's Address is hereby changed to: c/o TA Associates Realty, 28 State Street, Boston, MA 02109, Attention:

Framingham Asset Manager. Copies of any notices given to Landlord under the Lease shall simultaneously be given to Langer & McLaughlin, LLP, 535 Boylston Street, Boston MA 02116, Attn: TA Leasing.

10. Brokers. Landlord and Tenant each hereby represents and warrants that it has not dealt with any real estate broker or agent in connection with the procurement of this Amendment other than Transwestern RBJ, whose commissions, if any, shall be paid by Landlord pursuant to separate agreement. Each party covenants and agrees to pay, hold harmless and indemnify the other from and against any and all cost, expense (including reasonable attorneys' fees) or liability for any compensation, commission or charges to any broker or agent (other than the foregoing named broker) resulting from the falsity of such representation and warranty.

11. Utility Information. If electricity or other services to the Premises are separately metered, and Tenant pays directly to the providing utility company(ies), Landlord shall have the right to require Tenant to provide Landlord with copies of bills from electricity, natural gas or similar energy providers (collectively, "Energy Providers") that Tenant receives from Energy Providers relating to Tenant's energy use at the Premises ("Energy Bills") within ten (10) days after Landlord's written request. In addition, Tenant hereby authorizes Landlord to obtain copies of the Energy Bills directly from the Energy Provider(s), and Tenant hereby authorizes each Energy Provider to provide Energy Bills and related usage information directly to Landlord without Tenant's consent. From time to time within ten (10) days after Landlord's request, Tenant shall execute and deliver to Landlord an agreement provided by Landlord authorizing the Energy Provider(s) to provide to Landlord Energy Bills and other information relating to Tenant's energy usage at the Premises. Landlord acknowledges that the information provided by the Energy Providers shall be used by Landlord in connection with Landlord's on-going energy and environmental conservation initiatives.

12. Successors. This Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their perspective successors and assigns, subject to the provisions of the Lease regarding assignment or other transfers of Tenant's rights under the Lease.

13. Authority. Tenant represents and warrants that each person executing this Amendment on behalf of Tenant has the authority to do so and that such execution has fully obligated and bound Tenant to all terms and provisions of this Amendment.

14. No Further Amendment; No Presumption. It is understood and agreed that all other conditions and terms contained in the Lease not herein specifically amended shall remain unmodified and in full force and effect, and the Lease, as modified by this Amendment, is hereby ratified and confirmed. Landlord and Tenant agree and acknowledge that this Amendment has been freely negotiated by both parties and that, in any controversy, dispute or contest over the meaning, interpretation, validity or enforceability of this Amendment or any of its terms or conditions, there shall be no inference, presumption or conclusion drawn whatsoever against either party by virtue of that party having drafted this Amendment or any portion hereof.

15. Representations. As a material inducement to Landlord entering into this Amendment, Tenant represents and certifies to Landlord that as of the date hereof: (i) the Lease, as modified hereby, contains the entire agreement between the parties hereto relating to the Premises and that there are no other agreements between the parties relating to the Premises, the Lease or the Building which are not contained or referred to herein or in the Lease, (ii) Landlord is not in default in any respect in any of the terms, covenants and conditions of the Lease; (iii) Tenant has no existing setoffs, counterclaims or defenses against Landlord under the Lease; (iv) Tenant has not assigned or pledged its leasehold interest under the Lease, or sublet or licensed or granted any other occupancy rights with respect to any or all of the Premises; (v) no consent or approval of any third party or parties is required in order for Tenant to enter into and be bound by this Amendment; and (vi) Tenant is not, and the performance by Tenant of its obligations hereunder shall not render Tenant, insolvent within the meaning of the United States Bankruptcy Code, the Internal Revenue Code or any other applicable law, code or regulation.

16. Governing Law. The Lease, this Amendment and the rights and obligations of both parties thereunder and hereunder shall be governed by the laws of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

17. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, and by different parties hereto on separate counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. The parties acknowledge and agree that this Amendment may be executed via facsimile or .pdf format (including computer-scanned or other electronic reproduction of the actual signatures) and that delivery of a facsimile or other signature by electronic or physical means shall be effective to the same extent as delivery of an original signature. Notwithstanding the foregoing, originally signed documents shall be provided upon either party's request.

[Signature Page Follows]

Executed in one or more counterparts by persons or officers hereunto duly authorized on the date and year first above written.

LANDLORD:

LANDLORD:

THE REALTY ASSOCIATES FUND X, L.P.,
a Delaware limited partnership

By: Realty Associates Fund X, LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company,
its general partner

By: TA Realty LLC,
a Massachusetts limited liability company,

By: /s/ Alexander Dyer
Name: Alexander Dyer
Title: Vice President - Regional Director

TENANT:

AMERESCO, INC.

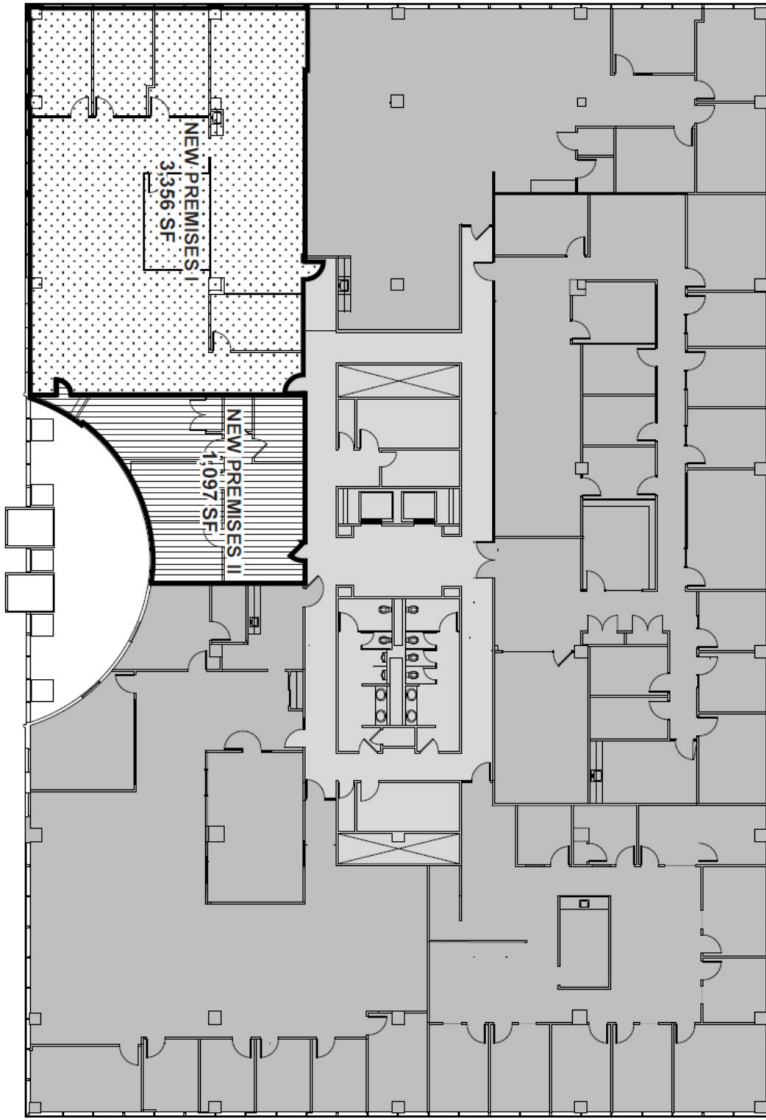
By: /s/ John Granara

Name: John Granara

Title: Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT A-1
New Premises I and II

111 Speen Street
Frammingham, Massachusetts
EXHIBIT PLAN



3rd Floor Plan

EXHIBIT B-1
[To be revised for each New Premises]
Form of Expansion Commencement Letter

_____, 20__

[Name of Contact]

RE: [Name of Tenant]
[Premises Rentable Area and Floor]

Dear [Name of Contact]:

Reference is made to that certain Lease, dated as of _____, as amended by that certain _____ dated _____, 2016, between THE

REALTY ASSOCIATES FUND X L.P., as Landlord and AMERESCO, INC., as Tenant, with respect to approximately 26,359 square feet of space on the third and fourth floors of the building at 111 Speen Street, Framingham, Massachusetts.

In accordance with Section 4 of the Seventh Amendment to Lease, this is to confirm that the Expansion Commencement Date occurred on _____, 20__.

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding, would you kindly execute this letter in the space provided below, and return the same to us for execution by Landlord, whereupon it will become a binding agreement between us.

Very truly yours,

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Accepted and Agreed:

[Name of Tenant]

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Date: _____

PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION

I, George P. Sakellaris, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Ameresco, Inc. (the “Registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2016

/s/ George P. Sakellaris

George P. Sakellaris
President and Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION

I, John R. Granara, III, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Ameresco, Inc. (the “Registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2016

/s/ John R. Granara, III

John R. Granara, III
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(principal financial officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT
TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Ameresco, Inc. (the "Company") to which this certification is attached and as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company hereby certifies, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2016

/s/ George P. Sakellaris

George P. Sakellaris
President and Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

Date: August 9, 2016

/s/ John R. Granara, III

John R. Granara, III
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(principal financial officer)